

答案与解析

Unit 1 单元检测卷

听力材料:

Text 1

W: I love listening to classical music after work. I find it so relaxing. But when I'm cleaning the house, I prefer rock music.

M: Jazz is my favourite, especially when I'm driving.

Text 2

W: Have you read the book for the homework yet? It's really interesting!

M: I'm having a hard time reading it, because it's all in French. I'm using my dictionary, but my reading skills aren't great.

Text 3

W: I'll order a burger and some dessert. What about you?

M: I'll go for a pizza. I've been thinking about it all day long.

Text 4

W: I'm really tired from packing all these boxes. It's about time to call it a day.

M: I know. Maybe we could do it first thing tomorrow morning.

W: Why not? These orders are not urgent.

Text 5

M: Are you excited, Mary? Today is an important day! Your mother and I are so proud of you for graduating.

W: Thanks, Dad! But I'm worried that I'll mess up my speech in the event. Everyone will be watching me!

Text 6

W: Excuse me, sir. Can you help me? I need to buy a bed for my new flat.

M: Of course. What size bed do you need?

W: It's a small flat, so I don't want anything too big.

M: Well, you should get a twin bed. That's the smallest size for an adult. It only fits one person. The bigger size bed is a double bed for two people. Then there are queen-size and king-size beds. Those are very large. They're much too big for you!

W: OK, thanks so much! I'll get the smallest one.

Text 7

W: Where should we set up our picnic? By the lake? It looks so blue and clear, just like the sky!

M: I know! But it's hot today. Let's have the picnic under the trees over there instead of by the lake. The trees will keep the sun off us, so it won't be as hot.

W: Good idea! It's a sunny day for a picnic in the park. But I wouldn't want to be running around too much.

M: You're right! I take my dog for a walk on the walking paths here to get some exercise, but only when it's cooler outside.

Text 8

M: Are the kids asleep?

W: Yes. I was going to read a bedtime story to them but they fell asleep really quickly.

M: Great! Now we can relax.

W: Yeah. We've been working too hard. How about listening to some classical music?

M: Sounds good. But I want to take off my tie and hang up my jacket first. Business suits are so uncomfortable.

W: Well, one more day at the office, then it's the weekend.

M: That's right! The long weekend is coming! Hurray!

W: Don't get too excited. We have to take Jason to football practice and take Bailey to her piano class on Saturday. Then we need to buy shoes for Jason and get a birthday present for Bailey on Sunday. And we have to make sure both kids have all the school supplies they need.

M: Oh, man, life with kids isn't easy.

Text 9

M: OK, Mrs Thomas, I finished cleaning up the leaves in the garden.

W: Oh, thank you, James.

M: I also swept the front steps and took out the rubbish. Is there anything else I can help you with?

W: Can you also take my dog Oscar for a walk?

M: Sure!

W: You're such a prince! Ever since I broke my leg, it has been so difficult to take care of things around the house. My daughter Leah helps out on Mondays and Tuesdays, and my son Eric on Thursdays. But I'm so happy you can come on Saturdays.

M: Well, I appreciate the weekend work. I'm saving up to buy a bike so I can ride to my basketball practice.

W: Will you still be able to work for me after you get your bike?

M: Of course! But I will visit my grandfather next weekend. My sister Alison will come by instead.

W: OK.

Text 10

M: Thanks for watching News Channel 11. The first news today is about the new hospital on Second Street. Workers have been building it for six months, and it'll finally open tomorrow! Now you won't have to go to the next town when you're sick or have an emergency. It's a large, beautiful building with all new beds and medical equipment. It's

also hiring doctors and nurses. In other news, the big bank on Main Street is closed for two weeks. A tree fell on it during the storm last weekend, and it's being fixed. The small bank on Forest Road is open, however. So you can go to Forest Road if you need a visit to the bank. The last news is about the new city programme to clean up our neighbourhoods. We're asking everyone to spend Saturday afternoon cleaning your backyard and the street near your house. Some people are also helping clean the City Park. Let's take care of our city together. Thanks for listening, and have a good night!

第一部分 听力

1-5 ACABC 6-10 ACBBC 11-15 ABACC

16-20 BABBC

第二部分 阅读

第一节

A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了“愚人节”的诞生及演变历史。

21. C 细节理解题。根据第一段中的... in 1564 in France. Before that year, the New Year was celebrated for eight days, beginning on 25 March. The celebration reached the highest point on 1 April.可知,在1564年以前,新年的庆祝活动从3月25日开始,持续八天,在4月1日达到高潮,故答案选C。
22. D 推理判断题。根据第二段中的 Some people refused to accept the new calendar and continued to celebrate the New Year on 1 April and they were considered “fools” by other people.可知,一些人拒绝接受新的历法,继续在4月1日庆祝新年,这些滞后的人被其他人认为是“傻子”,由此可推断,对于新的历法,一些人接受,一些人不接受,故答案选D。
23. B 主旨大意题。文章围绕“愚人节的诞生及演变历史”这一主题展开说明,故答案选B。

B

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了如何理解英式幽默。

24. C 细节理解题。根据第一段中的 The main point to remember is that the British often use understatement.及第二段中的 Understatement means saying less than you think or feel.可知,英国人经常使用轻描淡写的陈述,这意味着说的没有你想的或感觉的重要,所以外国人很难理解英式笑话是因为英国人总是试图让别人觉得事情没有那么重要或严重,故答案选C。
25. A 细节理解题。根据第二段中的 For example, if someone gets very wet in a shower of rain, he/she might say, “It's a little damp outside.” Or, if someone is very impolite and shouts at another person, someone else might say, “He/She isn't exactly friendly.”可知,作者是通过举例来解释轻描淡写的陈述的,故答案选A。
26. D 细节理解题。根据最后一段中的 Mr Bean doesn't

talk often, and instead he uses his body movements and facial expressions to make people laugh.可知,憨豆先生是通过肢体动作和面部表情使人发笑的,故答案选D。

27. D 主旨大意题。根据第一段中的 However, it is often difficult for foreigners to understand their jokes. The main point to remember is that the British often use understatement.及第三段中的 Another key to understanding British humour is that the British like to make fun of themselves as well as others.可知,本文主要介绍的是如何理解英式幽默,故答案选D。

C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。科学家进行了一项研究:把20名糖尿病患者分成两组,一组采用笑治疗,而对照组没有进行这种治疗。研究表明:笑对健康有益。

28. A 细节理解题。根据第一段可知,科学家进行这项研究是为了弄清笑是否对健康有益,故答案选A。
29. D 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 After 12 months, HDL cholesterol rose by 26 percent in Group L but only 3 percent in Group C. In another measure, C-reactive proteins, a marker of heart disease, dropped by 66 percent in the laughter group but only 26 percent in the control group.可知,12个月后,L组的高密度脂蛋白胆固醇上升了26%,而C组的只上升了3%;从另一项指标来看,引发心脏病的受体蛋白在接受笑治疗的组中下降了66%,但在对照组中只下降了26%,而接受笑治疗的组就是L组,也就是说,受体蛋白在L组中下降66%,故答案选D。
30. B 推理判断题。根据画线词所在句 After 12 months, HDL cholesterol rose by 26 percent in Group L but only 3 percent in Group C.及上下文语境可知,12个月后,L组的“HDL cholesterol”上升了26%,C组的只上升了3%,而L组采用了笑治疗,由此可以推测出,“HDL cholesterol”应该是对健康有益的一种物质,故答案选B。
31. D 细节理解题。根据第四段中的 Research at the University of Maryland School of Medicine shows that laughter causes the inner lining of blood vessels to expand, increasing blood flow in a way thought to be healthy.可知,马里兰大学医学院的研究表明,笑能使血管内壁扩张,以一种被认为是健康的方式加快血液流动,故答案选D。

D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了一项关于“幸福的眼泪”的研究,研究结果影响了我们对人们如何表达和控制情绪的认识。

32. D 推理判断题。根据第一段中的 Why we cry with happiness shows: responding with a negative reaction helps us deal with extreme joy.可推测,一个极度快乐的人可能会突然大哭起来,以此来缓和情绪,故答案选D。
33. B 细节理解题。根据第一段中的 The researchers

believe the unusual reaction may help renew emotional balance in us and keep extreme emotions under control.可知,这种不寻常的反应可能有助于恢复我们的情绪平衡,也有助于控制极端情绪,故答案选 B。

34. A 词义猜测题。根据下文中的 For example, nervous laughter often happens when people are faced with a hard situation. We've seen people smiling during times of extreme sadness.可知,画线词所在句表示“也有一些证据表明,强烈的负面情绪可能引起积极的表达”,由此可猜测,画线词意为“激起,引起”,故答案选 A。
35. C 细节理解题。根据最后一段可知,情绪的表达和控制与身心健康、人际关系的品质等都有关系,对人们很重要,故答案选 C。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了几种使身体变得更健康的方法。

36. C 上文列举了几种情况,且由下一句中的 But 可推测,该空应承接上文,并与下一句形成对比,C项中的 those 可指代上文列举的几种情况,且 great 与下一句中的 hard 形成对比,故答案选 C。
37. D 上文讲了一些不健康的饮食选择,下文谈到要尽量吃天然有机食品,上下文之间为转折关系,所以此处应该填一个表示转折的句子,故答案选 D。
38. G 本段主要介绍的是锻炼身体和健康的关系,选项中只有 G 项提到了锻炼身体,故答案选 G。
39. E 有许多人经常承受身心压力。你若不想成为其中的一员,就得学会控制压力。E 项承上启下,符合语境,故答案选 E。
40. B 本段围绕“快乐和健康的关系”展开,B 项“选择快乐。”与本段主题契合,故答案选 B。

第三部分 语言运用

第一节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。作者在华盛顿游玩时遇到了一位盲人女士,她给作者上了宝贵的一课,让作者意识到自己应该始终保持谦卑,开阔眼界,敞开心扉。

41. A 五年前作者在华盛顿游玩时,看到了许多奇妙的(wonderful)国家珍宝,故答案选 A。
42. C 作者看到许多国家珍宝的同时,也看到许多贫穷的人们(people),像乞丐和无家可归的人,故答案选 C。
43. D 作者转过身来,看到一位年老的盲人女士伸着双手。turn around 意为“转身”,符合语境,故答案选 D。
44. A 根据下文的描述可知,作者把盲人女士当成了乞丐,因此这里应该是把手伸进口袋去掏钱。reach 意为“伸手(以碰触或提起某物)”,符合语境,故答案选 A。
45. B 结合下文中的 I hated being troubled by a beggar 可知,作者讨厌被乞丐打扰,所以把钱放在盲人女士的手里,甚至都不看她一眼。look at 意为“看”,符合语境,故答案选 B。
46. D 这里是作者在解释为什么自己连看都不看盲人女士一眼,是因为作者在欣赏(enjoying)周围的人和事物的时候很讨厌被乞丐打扰,故答案选 D。

47. A 令作者惊讶的是,盲人女士微笑着说她不需要作者的钱。to one's surprise 意为“使某人惊讶的是”,符合语境,故答案选 A。

48. C 盲人女士只是需要作者的帮助(help)来找到邮局,故答案选 C。

49. B 作者很快意识到自己刚刚是在根据主观想法来判断(judged)另一个人,故答案选 B。

50. A 作者在自己的生活中也经历(experienced)过许多偏见,故答案选 A。

51. C 17 岁那一年,作者在餐馆打杂时,听到一位父亲告诉他的儿子,如果他不努力,最终也会像作者一样的。end up 意为“最终处于”,符合语境,故答案选 C。

52. B 作者本应该记得(remembered)那种待遇,知道它是什么样子的,故答案选 B。

53. A 作者认为,自己如今生活美好,太容易忘记过去,忘记自己是谁、去过哪里,忽视自己想要走向哪里(where),故答案选 A。

54. B 盲人女士让作者意识到自己应该始终保持谦卑,开阔眼界,敞开心扉。keep one's eyes and heart open 意为“开阔眼界,敞开心扉”,符合语境,故答案选 B。

55. D 作者真诚地(sincerely)希望感谢盲人女士给自己的这宝贵的一课,故答案选 D。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇议论文。每个人都有目标和理想,在前进的过程中,不要受他人的影响,而要努力前行,展示真实的自己。

56. or 此处表示不管是要成为一位伟大的歌唱家还是要运动方面变得更优秀,应该用 whether... or... 结构,意为“不管……还是……”,故填 or。

57. equally 此处应该用副词修饰形容词 important,故填 equally。

58. us 分析句子结构可知,该空作动词 tell 的宾语,且与句子主语指代不同的对象,所以用 we 的宾格形式 us。

59. telling 分析句子结构可知,本句已有谓语动词 keep,且 keep 与 tell 之间无连词连接,所以该空应该填非谓语形式。tell 与其逻辑主语 The voices 之间为主动关系,且表示一种伴随的状况,所以用现在分词 telling 作伴随状语。

60. truth 该空作句子的主语,所以用 true 的名词形式 truth。

61. talents 该空为 that 引导的定语从句的先行词,由定语从句中的 are 可知,此处应该用 talent 的复数形式,故填 talents。

62. to be discovered wait to do sth 为固定用法,意为“等待做某事”,discover 与 talents 之间为逻辑上的被动关系,所以此处用动词不定式的被动式,故填 to be discovered。

63. from hide sth from sb 意为“向某人隐瞒某事”,故填 from。

64. the the world 是固定用法,意为“世界”,故填 the。

65. says anyone 为不定代词,在让步状语从句中作主语,且主句时态为一般现在时,所以谓语动词用第三人称单数形式,故填 says。

第四部分 写作
第一节

One possible version:

Power of smile

As time goes by, people are being busier and busier with their work, forgetting our most powerful skill — smile.

There are a great many kinds of power of smile. First of all, common touch can be shown by a kind smile. With a confident smile, you are more likely to answer the questions better. Furthermore, smile can help relieve stress, which is good for our health. So, smile a lot when you are suffering from stress. What's more, smile can reflect the calm of a person when they are in danger or in trouble.

In my view, smile is magical. It can help overcome difficulties you meet on the way to success.

第二节

One possible version:

Paragraph 1:

After we made careful preparations, my expedition plan finally began. After the marathon in St. Charles, we drove from Missouri to Colorado. Along the highway the wetness dropped lower and lower. We flying to Alaska, the changes became more serious. We were caught in an early snowstorm, which was challenging for our expedition. Thanks to the help from the outdoor clothing company, we had plenty of warm clothing. But we didn't need it for long, because the next day we found ourselves in the hot area of Hawaii.

Paragraph 2:

My good physical quality was shown in the expedition. Apart from the daily marathon routine, I also enjoyed meeting the great people, through whom I could experience different cultures. Although I felt tired after every marathon, I never thought about giving up. However, the true reason wasn't that I was healthy and strong, but that I gained the support from all my family members. With their expectations, I finished the 50 marathons in 50 states successfully.

Unit 2 单元检测卷

听力材料:

Text 1

W: I prefer tea to coffee, but whenever we visit Harry, he always serves us coffee.

M: I don't like coffee, either. All I really want is a glass of cold water.

Text 2

W: What do you usually do on Sundays?

M: I go shopping in the morning, work in the garden in the afternoon and read the newspaper after dinner.

Text 3

W: We do need to hurry up. It's already 2:30. The match is

supposed to begin in 30 minutes.

M: You must have been told the wrong time. I am sure the match begins at 4:00.

Text 4

W: Come to the movies with us, Matt. You've been in the library all day. You need to relax.

M: You are right, Jenny. I've been studying for so long. I need to take a break.

Text 5

M: Now open your mouth wider.

W: Ah...

M: Oh, good girl. Well, I can see what's happening. There is a hole in your tooth.

Text 6

W: Excuse me, where is Headington School?

M: What?

W: Where is Headington...

M: Wait a minute. Let me turn off my car. Now, what were you saying?

W: Where is Headington School?

M: Hmm... Go along the road and turn right.

W: Wait. I have a map.

M: Good. Look. We are here. And there's the school.

W: I see. I just go along the road...

M: Then turn right.

W: Turn right and go straight.

M: Headington School is next to the bank.

W: Wonderful. Thank you.

M: You're welcome.

Text 7

M: Lucy, did anyone call while I was out?

W: Yes, there was a Mr Turner calling this morning.

M: What did he say?

W: He said that your suit was done.

M: Ah, good. I ordered a suit from his shop last week.

W: Yes, he said he would be waiting for you this afternoon.

M: Oh, dear. I have a meeting this afternoon.

W: Don't worry. I can get the suit for you.

M: You are so kind. Oh, here is the money.

W: OK.

Text 8

M: Millie, tomorrow is your mum's 50th birthday. Do you know that?

W: Of course. What should we do for it?

M: First of all, a birthday present. What about buying her a beautiful skirt?

W: That's a good idea. It'll make her look younger. And a big birthday cake, too.

M: Right. Should we have a special dinner?

W: How about a Chinese dinner?

M: Fine. Where shall we have it?

W: We can have it at home. I've learnt to cook a few dishes from a Chinese friend. I'm sure Mum will like them.

M: All right. Are you going to the supermarket to buy some food as well?

W: Yeah. Why don't we go together, Dad?

M: I'd love to. When?

W: How about this afternoon?

M: OK.

Text 9

M: Lily, how long have you been here?

W: I came to China in June, so it has been seven months.

M: Wow. That's a long time. But you haven't spent the Spring Festival in China yet, right?

W: That's right, but I am going to stay in China this year to see how Chinese people spend their most important festival. In fact, I'm doing business research about the Spring Festival for my company.

M: Really? Maybe you can come to spend it with my family.

W: Can I?

M: My parents would be happy to have you. You will love it. Though we live downtown, we always spend the Spring Festival in our home town.

W: You mean in the countryside?

M: Yes. I believe you will learn a lot about Chinese culture. We will have a big family meal and eat things like fish and dumplings. And we give children money in red envelopes.

W: That sounds interesting! I can't wait.

Text 10

M: Good morning, everyone. Thanks for listening to the Weather Channel on your local TV station. We are the best place to hear important weather news. I hope you are having a great Monday morning. It's going to be a beautiful day today — sunny with temperatures around seventy-five degrees Fahrenheit. Be sure to wear your sunglasses and a hat. It will get hotter in the middle of the day and cooler at night. There will be no rain today, but there might be a little bit of rain tomorrow. It will stay warm, though. There may be very bad weather later in the week, on Friday and Saturday. We could have a lot of lightning and storms. So, you should stay inside as much as you can on those days. But today, the sun will be strong, and you should go outside! Maybe go to the park with the kids. Thanks for listening, and be safe in the bad weather this weekend!

第一部分 听力

1-5 CBCAA 6-10 ABBCB 11-15 CBACC

16-20 ABBAC

第二部分 阅读

第一节

A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇应用文,是诗歌大赛的征稿启事。文章介绍了参赛作品的内容、奖项及参赛规则等。

21. A 细节理解题。根据 Prizes 部分第一条中的 3 Grand Prizes: Trip to Washington, DC for each of three winners, a parent and one other person of the winner's choice.可知,每位特等奖获奖者都可以带一名家长和另一名由获奖者选择的人员,即每位特等奖获奖者可以带两个人参加免费旅行,故答案选 A。
22. C 细节理解题。根据 Prizes 部分第三条 50 Honorable Mentions: Judges will choose up to 50 honorable mention winners who will each receive a T-shirt in memory of Earhart's final flight.可知,每位优秀奖获奖者都将获得一件纪念埃尔哈特最后一次飞行的 T 恤衫,故答案选 C。
23. B 细节理解题。根据 Rules 部分第一条规则 Write a poem using 100 words or fewer. Your poem can be any format, any number of lines.可知,参赛者所写的诗歌的字数不能超过 100 字,否则,将会被取消参赛资格,而 B 项“写一首 120 字的诗歌。”违背了这条规则,故答案选 B。

B

【语篇解读】本文是一篇议论文。文章主要讲的是互联网给人的记忆带来的影响。互联网使用者越来越依赖互联网来储存信息,这样人们是否会丧失记忆的能力?专家怀疑互联网真的可能会改变人们记忆和方式。

24. B 推理判断题。文章第一段在提出两个问题后,引出了文章的主题: Experts are wondering if the Internet is changing what we remember and how.由此可知,这篇文章用两个问题开始的目的是介绍主题,故答案选 B。
25. D 细节理解题。根据第二段中的 People in the first group knew they could find the information again, so they did not try to remember it.可知,第一组的人没有努力去记这些信息,故答案选 D。
26. B 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 When people use the Internet, they do not remember the information. Rather, they remember how to find it. This is called “transactive memory (交互记忆)”。可知,在交互记忆中人们记住怎么找到信息,故答案选 B。
27. D 细节理解题。根据最后一段中的 This doesn't mean we are becoming either more or less intelligent, but there is no doubt that the way we use memory is changing.可知, Sparrow 的研究表明互联网对记忆的影响是我们使用记忆的方法不同了,故答案选 D。

C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了从小在艰难中成长的里恩·斯塔顿通过努力和他人的支持被哈佛法学院录取的事迹。

28. B 推理判断题。根据第二段中的 He said growing up was tough and he used to struggle in school. One teacher even suggested he switch to a special education class.可推测,斯塔顿过去学习成绩很差,故答案选 B。
29. A 词义猜测题。根据画线词所在句及下一句可知,斯塔顿受伤后,他申请的每一所学校都拒绝了他,也就

是说,受伤使得他上大学的选择变少了。由此可猜测,画线词意思是“减少”,故答案选 A。

30. C 细节理解题。根据第四段中斯塔顿的话 it caught me by surprise how much the people in the company uplifted me and really wanted me to make something of myself 可知,在斯塔顿当垃圾清理工时,同事对他的鼓励让他感到惊讶,故答案选 C。
31. B 推理判断题。根据文章内容,尤其是最后一段可推知,成功来自汗水和支持,故答案选 B。

D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要讲了 3-D 打印技术让盲人也可以欣赏名画。

32. B 细节理解题。根据第二段中的 One painting printed with the new technology is Gustav Klimt's *The Kiss*. 可知,《吻》是一幅画作,故答案选 B。
33. A 细节理解题。根据第三段最后一句 He said this reproduction was his most difficult project because the couple's robes are so detailed. 可知,《吻》的复制品之所以被认为是最难完成的作品,是因为那对情侣的长袍细节很多,故答案选 A。
34. C 推理判断题。根据第四段这位女士的话可以推测出她心情很激动,故答案选 C。
35. B 主旨大意题。由文章内容可知,“用 3D 打印技术让盲人体验名画”是文章的中心,下文围绕该话题展开介绍,故答案选 B。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了在网络课堂上与教授建立健康的沟通模式的注意事项。

36. E 上文讲到在网络课堂上与教授建立健康的沟通模式非常重要,下文列出了建议做的事项及不建议做的事项。由此可知,该空应该提出两类事项,即 E 项中的 do's 和 don'ts, 故答案选 E。
37. G 根据下文中的 Questions about the subject content are generally welcomed. 及 asking questions 可知,该空是对于“提问”的建议, G 项中的 Ask questions 与其相呼应,故答案选 G。
38. A 上文提到要参加讨论论坛、博客和其他开放式论坛进行对话, A 项承接上文, A 项中的 they 指代上文中的 discussion forums, blogs and other open-ended forums, 故答案选 A。
39. C 上文提到不要分享个人信息或事迹,因为教授不是受过培训的护士,不是助学贷款专家,也不是你最好的朋友,所以如果想要延长截止日期的话,只需要跟教授说明情况即可。 C 项“如果需要更多信息,他们会问的。”承接上文,符合语境,故答案选 C。
40. F 根据上文中的 annoyance 和下文中的 attacks 可知,此处讲遇到不满意的课堂时的建议,只有 F 项符合,故答案选 F。

第三部分 语言运用

第一节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。作者喜欢学语言,

但在多年前开始学英语时遇到许多困难,后来听取了别人的建议,进步很快,从而在文章中也给读者提出了一些建议。

41. 作者多年前开始 (started) 学习英语的时候,可以很容易地理解每个单词,故答案选 D。
42. B 作者发现自己很容易理解每个单词,但是 (but) 一遇到句子就很吃力了。前后两个分句之间是转折关系,故答案选 B。
43. D 虽然刚开始学英语的时候很艰难,但作者并没有灰心 (discouraged), 故答案选 D。
44. B 作者听从朋友的建议,开始读英文版的儿童读物,起初感觉那样做有点傻 (silly), 后来却发现那样做是有道理的,故答案选 B。
45. C 这类图书通常会给孩子们提供一些基础的文章 (texts), 使其熟悉一定的词汇和写作结构, 故答案选 C。
46. C 由上文可知,作者明白了儿童读物的重要性,所以买了一些在英国用来教孩子们 (children) 的书, 故答案选 C。
47. D 由 but 可知,该空所在分句与后一个分句之间为转折关系,所以应该与下一句中的 difficult 形成转折:作者设法读了《雾都孤儿》,但发现读这本书有难度。 manage to do sth 意为“设法做成某事”, 故答案选 D。
48. B 由于之前的办法不起作用,所以作者意识到应该改变 (change) 自己的读书方式, 故答案选 B。
49. D 作者发现,最好的方法是读完一个完整的章节,标出不认识的单词 (words), 然后再查词典, 故答案选 D。
50. B 你可能会很惊讶 (surprised) 自己仅仅根据句子语境就能猜出之前不认识的单词的意思, 故答案选 B。
51. A 你不仅可以 根据语境猜出词义,除此之外 (Besides), 许多儿童书还配有图画帮助你更清楚地理解文章, 故答案选 A。
52. C 除了语境外,图画也有助于你更清楚地 (clearly) 理解文章, 故答案选 C。
53. D 作者强烈建议 (advise) 初学者去读他们小时候读过的儿童书的译本, 故答案选 D。
54. C 由 However 可知,此处与上文是转折关系,上文讲英语的初学者,因此这里指有信心 (confident) 用英语阅读的人, 故答案选 C。
55. A 作者建议英语好的人去读那些更适合 (suitable) 他们的好书, 故答案选 A。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了《老人与海》的梗概以及主人公所体现出的精神。

56. written 本句已有谓语 was published, 且 write 与谓语之间无连词连接, 所以该空应该填非谓语形式; a great novel 与 write 之间为逻辑上的被动关系, 所以应该用过去分词作后置定语, 故填 written。
57. success 分析句子成分可知,该空作句子的主语,应该用名词, 故填 success。
58. the honour 被定语从句修饰,特指“他 1954 年得到的

荣誉”,所以应该用定冠词,故填 the。

59. has worked 根据语境以及时间状语 for 84 days 可知,此处应该用现在完成时;主语 who 指代第三人称单数 Santiago,助动词应该用 has,故填 has worked。
60. Convinced be convinced that 意为“确信……”。此处为形容词作状语,且该空置于句首,首字母应该大写,故填 Convinced。
61. which 分析句子结构可知,该空引导非限制性定语从句。先行词 fish 指物,关系词在从句中作主语,故填 which。注意:that 不能引导非限制性定语从句。
62. With 根据语境可知,该空表示“用;以;借”,所以应该用 with;该空置于句首,首字母应该大写,故填 With。
63. but/yet eventually succeeds in catching it 与 his hard work then goes for nothing 之间为转折关系,故填 but 或 yet。
64. facing 该空作介词 by 的宾语,应该用动名词,故填 facing。
65. to obtain in order to do sth 为固定用法,意为“为了做某事”,故填 to obtain。

第四部分 写作

第一节

One possible version:

Dear Kenton,

I've received your letter. I know that you are worried about your exam scores. However, even the best student will make mistakes sometimes, so don't put too much pressure on yourself. And here is some advice that may help you a bit.

Firstly, you'd better make a good plan to use your time wisely during the exams. Secondly, leave a few minutes in the end to check your answers in the exams. Finally, learning from your mistakes in the past exams is a quick way to stop making the same mistakes next time. If there are questions, you should turn to your teachers or classmates for help.

I believe with my advice and a good learning habit, you will finally gain success in your exams.

Best wishes!

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua

第二节

One possible version:

Many people feel a little sleepy in the early afternoon. This is because their body temperature goes down at about eight hours after they wake up. (要点1) In many places of the world, people take naps, especially in warmer climates. (要点2) A nap is good for health. About eight hours after you get up is the best time to take a nap. Don't sleep too late or for too long. (要点3) If you don't have enough time, a short nap is also helpful. (要点4)

Unit 3 单元检测卷

听力材料:

Text 1

M: Who is outside the office window, Linda?

W: A cleaner. He's washing the windows. That's a job I'd never do. I don't think it's safe.

Text 2

W: Good morning. May I have the menu, please?

M: All right, Madam. What would you like to have?

Text 3

M: A perfect day for a picnic! I was worried when it rained with the strong wind blowing last night.

W: Yes, honey. Look at the clear blue sky and feel gentle wind on cheeks. We couldn't have asked for more.

Text 4

W: What's wrong with the machine?

M: It looks like it is out of paper.

W: Let me check. You're right. Could you go and get some for me?

M: OK, but where is the paper?

Text 5

W: How did you like the food, Henry?

M: It was really tasty, but I was really surprised when I saw the bill.

W: Yeah. Food there is really expensive.

M: But still, I thought the money was well spent.

Text 6

W: Tom, are you ready for your trip?

M: Not quite. I've just decided to travel by air instead of by train, but I haven't booked a ticket yet.

W: Have you found a hotel to stay in?

M: Yes, I've already decided which one I want to stay in, but I haven't booked a room yet.

W: Does that mean you have to book a flight ticket and a hotel room this afternoon?

M: Yes, I'm afraid so. And I need to pack too, so I'm sorry I won't have time to go shopping with you this afternoon.

Text 7

W: Hi, Mike! I'm calling to ask if you'd like to come and have supper with us on Friday.

M: The day after tomorrow? I'm afraid I won't be able to. I must finish my report by Friday. Or else I'll have to work this weekend.

W: You work really hard. Then how about this Saturday evening?

M: I'm afraid I won't be able to make it either. I promised Jenny I'd go to the movies with her this Saturday. How about this Sunday?

W: Let me see. Yes, that would be fine. Let's make it this Sunday then.

Text 8

W: What's wrong? You look worried.

M: I just heard some very bad news. The chocolate factory will let some workers go. Many people in the factory may lose their jobs.

W: That's too bad. Isn't your brother working there?

M: Yes. He has a big family to support. What will he do if he loses his job?

W: Don't worry. He is one of the best workers in the factory.

M: I know, but I'm still worried. I know your father and the president of that factory are good friends. So could you ask your father to call him and see what's going on?

W: OK. I'll ask my father about it tonight when I get home. Don't worry too much. I'm sure everything will be fine.

Text 9

W: Hi, Jim. Why did it take you so long to answer the phone? Were you playing computer games as usual?

M: Not this time. I was taking a shower.

W: I called you yesterday, but you didn't answer the phone.

M: Sorry. I was out shopping yesterday and left my phone at home. I saw that you'd called when I got back and I tried to call you back, but your phone was off.

W: Yeah. I went to a concert so I turned my phone off.

M: So what's up?

W: I want to invite you to my sister's wedding party next Saturday. Would you like to be my guest?

M: Sure. I bought a present for her yesterday. Can you come and pick me up on Saturday?

W: Sure. The party begins at 3:00 pm. I'll come and pick you up at 2:00.

M: Could you come twenty minutes earlier? Megan is going to the party, too, and she needs a lift.

W: No problem. See you next Saturday.

Text 10

M: A recent art exhibition in Florida honored the animal often seen as man's most intelligent friend, the dolphin. The exhibition in the Florida Keys featured life-sized dolphin paintings mainly made of wood, as well as glass and stone. The dolphins were shown at business areas and along the beach. Organizers paid \$750 to cover the artists' fees and the cost of the materials.

There were about 100 dolphin themes. They showed the works of local artists, as well as the beach atmosphere the Keys are famous for. Probably the most unique was its artist, Pandora. Pandora, the dolphin painter, is a real dolphin, at the Dolphin Research Center. The playful artist made colors across a dolphin painting, holding a brush in its mouth. The exhibition was held by the Florida Keys Council of the Arts as part of a plan to make the Keys an international arts center.

第一部分 听力

1-5 CBCAC 6-10 ACABA 11-15 BBCBA

16-20 ACABC

第二部分 阅读

第一节

A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了滑雪、单板滑雪和冰壶三个运动项目的起源。

21. D 细节理解题。根据 The ancient origins of skiing 中的 The British are said to be the ones who transformed skiing from its Scandinavian roots into the highly competitive sport it is now.可知,据说是英国人将滑雪转变为如今的竞技运动,故答案选 D。

22. C 推理判断题。根据 The development of snowboarding 中的 Snowboarding originated as a backyard activity called snurfing... He tied together two skis, creating a toy "Snurfer"... By 1985, snurfing fell out of fashion, but snowboarding had caught on worldwide.可知,单板滑雪起源于"Snurfer"这种玩具,故答案选 C。

23. A 细节理解题。根据第一段中的 Sports like figure skating, ice hockey and curling have been part of Olympic history since the first Winter Olympics in France in 1924.及最后一段中的 By the 20th century, curling was so widespread that it was one of the few sports played in the first Winter Olympics.可知,1924 年第一届冬奥会上出现的运动项目有花样滑冰和冰壶,故答案选 A。

B

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍并通过不同人士的口吻诠释了 2022 年北京冬奥会的口号及精神。

24. C 词义猜测题。画线词所在句中的 those difficulties 即指代 adversities,由此可猜测,画线词意思是“困难”,故答案选 C。

25. A 推理判断题。由 Chen Jining 可定位至第五、六段。根据陈市长所说的话中的 join in efforts 及 strengthen solidarity, support each other and join hands 可知,陈市长说这些话想努力传达的是一种团结与协作的精神,故答案选 A。

26. C 细节理解题。根据倒数第三段中的 This motto carries on the legacy from 'One World One Dream' of Beijing 2008, and reveals the characteristics of this era," she said. 及最后一段中的 The motto of the 2008 Games conveys China's view of the world. This time it takes a step further, not only shares our view but voices our attitude. 可知,2022 年北京冬奥会的口号传承了 2008 年北京奥运会的精神,同时有所升华,也就是说两者之间有一定关系,故答案选 C。

27. D 推理判断题。根据文章第一段中的 on Friday 以及下文一些相关人员的话可知,本文具有时效性,是一篇新闻报道,所以应该选自报纸,故答案选 D。

C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要描述了在美国一所学校举办的联合篮球比赛的盛况及对参与者的影响。联合篮球比赛是蒙哥马利特殊奥林匹克运动会的项目之一。

28. A 主旨大意题。根据第一段中的 The gym was filled with cheerleaders, parents and friends. 以及 Every basket, no matter which team scored, was cheered and celebrated. 可知,体育馆里坐满了啦啦队队员、家长以及朋友。无论哪个篮球队进球得分,大家都会欢呼、庆祝,因此本段主要描述了一场激动人心的联合篮球比赛,故答案选 A。
29. A 细节理解题。根据第二段中的 They are programs designed for players with special needs. 以及 The special athletes are unable to play normally like other healthy kids, and some of them are wheelchair users. 可知,特殊奥林匹克运动会主要是为那些残疾学生举办的,故答案选 A。
30. B 推理判断题。根据第二段最后两句 In basketball, the unified partners rebound, pass and sometimes push a special athlete's wheelchair. As Brian Ross, a seventh-grader at St. Albans School in Washington, D.C., says, "You just try to help and get everyone to take part." 可知,文章先说特殊奥林匹克运动会需要一些人员帮助残疾运动员,紧接着举了布赖恩·罗斯这个例子,由此可推测,布赖恩·罗斯是联合篮球比赛运动员的搭档,故答案选 B。
31. B 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段中的 If they do, they will learn "to share the ball" and that the game "is not all about me". 可知,格鲁辛认为,如果孩子们参加特殊奥林匹克运动会,他们将学会分享,明白这不是一个人的比赛,由此可推测,特殊奥林匹克运动会能帮助孩子们变得更无私,故答案选 B。

D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了一位自行车爱好者坚持收集自行车,最终在政府的支持下,建成了一座自行车博物馆的事迹。

32. A 推理判断题。由题干关键词 in the 1960s 定位至文章第二段。根据第二段中的 "They were like flying on the street, and my heart went flying with them," recalled Chai. 可知,柴林在大街上看到自行车时的心情非常激动,由此可推测,他对自行车的出现持赞同和欢迎的态度,故答案选 A。
33. D 细节理解题。根据第二段最后两句 To get enough money, Chai had to cut back on other expenditures and made use of his talent in calligraphy and painting, selling artworks on the street. Thanks to all the efforts and "crowd-funding" in his family, Chai got his first bike. 可知,柴林买第一辆自行车的钱一方面来自自己开源节流,另一方面来自家人的赞助,故答案选 D。
34. C 细节理解题。根据第四段中的 the museum stores

not only bikes, some 200 years old, but also various bike-related accessories, manuscripts, books and photos 可知,这家博物馆不仅有自行车,还有与自行车相关的配件、手抄本、图书和照片,所以游客可以在这里看到一些关于自行车的作品,故答案选 C。

35. B 主旨大意题。文章主要围绕一位自行车爱好者收集自行车并最终在政府的支持下建成一座自行车博物馆的事迹展开,B 项最能总领全文,适合作为文章标题,故答案选 B。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要说明了通过运动保持健康的重要性。

36. A 该空位于段尾,承接上句提到的“许多人只有在出现健康问题时才承认锻炼的诸多好处”这一通常现象,引出本文写作意图:为什么要通过运动来保持身体强壮? 故答案选 A。
37. F 根据该空后的具体示例,尤其是其中的 Stroke and heart attack 及 extra body fat 可知,该空强调多余脂肪与疾病之间的关联,故答案选 F。
38. B 本段围绕运动可以使思维敏捷、可以使人改变不良情绪展开,B 项可以总领全段,作为段落主题句,故答案选 B。
39. E 根据上一句,即段落主旨句 Fitness exercises are ideal for strength building. 可知,本段主要强调运动可以增强体力,E 项中的 build body muscles 和 improve your physical strength 是对本段主旨句中的 strength building 的进一步解释,且 They 指代本段主旨句中的 Fitness exercises,故答案选 E。
40. C 该空位于文末,上一句提出问题“但是你能促使自己来锻炼呢?”,C 项“拥有强身健体的目标将有助于你达到预期的结果。”是对上一句问题的回答,故答案选 C。

第三部分 语言运用

第一节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。作者带领的新一届校足球队输给了没有教练、毫无准备的老一届校足球队。经过反思之后,作者决定改变态度,最终带领校足球队赢得了一场又一场比赛。作者通过自己的经历告诉读者:获胜者不是天生的,而是通过努力培养出来的。

41. C 根据下文作者的经历可知,作者和自己所带领的足球队通过努力赢得了一场又一场比赛,由此可知,没有人天生就是获胜者,都是通过努力 (efforts) 成为获胜者的,故答案选 C。
42. D 根据第三段中的 Being the coach of the new team 可知,作者当了主教练,故答案选 D。
43. D 根据第三段第一句中的 old team 和 against 及下文中的 Being the coach of the new team 可知,此处指老球队和新 (new) 球队对阵,故答案选 D。
44. B 作者很兴奋,认定自己的球队会获胜,因为老球队不仅没有教练,甚至也没有为准备 (prepare for) 比赛而进行训练,故答案选 B。

45. A 作者原本以为自己的队伍能够取胜,但却被打败了,所以作者无法相信(believe)自己会陷入这种境地,故答案选 A。
46. A 经过一番思考,作者意识到(realize)一些事情,故答案选 A。
47. C 由下文作者决定改变的态度可知,作者意识到这支球队需要依靠(depending on)作者来取胜,故答案选 C。
48. A 在经历了挫败之后,作者需要做的第一件事就是帮助队员们建立自尊心(pride),故答案选 A。
49. C 作者要带领一支曾经失败过的球队走出困境,最重要的是帮他们找回自信心,所以作者开始把他们当作获胜者(winners)对待,故答案选 C。
50. B 作者将其他球队和自己所带领的球队进行了对比,根据 we met every day... 可知,其他球队都在享受假期(vacations),而作者的球队却每天都集合训练,故答案选 B。
51. A 根据第三段可知,作者所带领的球队曾经在春季训练场上被打败(defeat),故答案选 A。
52. B 作者所带领的球队取得了两次胜利后不断提高(improve),最终有了与佐治亚州排名第一的球队比赛的机会,故答案选 B。
53. C 上文提到作者将队员们当作获胜者对待,并且队员们不断提高球技,一次次取得胜利,而且这次面对的是佐治亚州排名第一的球队,由此可推断出,作者认为即便自己所带领的球队输掉比赛,对他们而言也是一场胜利(victory),故答案选 C。
54. A 作者并没有把队员们当作失败者对待,而是一直在敦促和鼓励(encouraged)他们,故答案选 A。
55. D 作者把队员们当作获胜者对待,故此处表示帮助他们以不同(differently)方式看待自己,故答案选 D。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。4月20日是一年一度的联合国中文日。文章主要讲述了受邀者多琳·海因德练太极拳并从事太极拳教练的经历。

56. is celebrated 4月20日是一年一度的联合国中文日,此处表示一般事实,因此句子应该用一般现在时;且此处表示联合国中文日被庆祝,所以应该用被动语态,故填 is celebrated。
57. or 受邀者要么是中国文化方面的专家,要么是有与之相关的特殊技能的人。either... or... 为固定搭配,意为“要么……要么……”,故填 or。
58. a 太极拳是中国的一种武术形式,此处表示泛指,所以应该用不定冠词,Chinese 的读音以辅音音素开头,故填 a。
59. easily 修饰动词 bend 和 raise,应该用副词,故填 easily。
60. where America 为先行词,关系词在非限制性定语从句中作地点状语,应该用关系副词 where 引导定语从句,故填 where。
61. asked 分析句子结构可知,此处为省略了主语和 be 动

词的时间状语从句,且 Hynd 与 ask 之间是被动关系,所以应该用过去分词,故填 asked。

62. cultural backgrounds 是名词,应该用形容词修饰,故填 cultural。
63. months 太极对心态和健康产生影响是一个长时间的过程,所以此处用 months 表示“长时间(尤指数月)”,故填 months。
64. to understand allow sb to do sth 为固定用法,意为“允许某人做某事”,故填 to understand。
65. lies 本句客观描述太极的好处,所以应该用一般现在时;where 引导的表语从句中,主语为 the attraction of tai chi,所以谓语动词应该用第三人称单数形式,故填 lies。

第四部分 写作

第一节

One possible version:

Dear Sir/Madam,

I learn from the newspaper that the Asian Winter Games will be held in the city where I live and that some volunteers are needed. I hope I can have a chance to do something for it.

I am an 18-year-old student in a senior high school. In my spare time I like watching English films, and I can speak English fluently. Besides, I enjoy kinds of sports and I also love reading books about sports. In addition, I am good at communicating with others and I am always ready to help others.

I have had some volunteer experience. I hope I can be chosen to be a volunteer. Thank you.

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节

One possible version:

Paragraph 1:

The girl picked up many of those small stones from the forest and carried them home. She placed them into a large bag. Then she called the village chief to fetch them so that he could distribute the gold nuggets to the villagers. The village chief agreed readily and thanked the girl happily. However, he did not distribute the gold nuggets to the villagers. He lifted the heavy bag all the way home and hid it under his bed, not knowing that he was being watched by a group of robbers.

Paragraph 2:

That night, the robbers broke into the village chief's house. Out of fear, the village chief handed the bag of gold nuggets to them. When the robbers opened it, they found that the gold nuggets were only small stones and they were very angry. The village chief was scared and told the robbers he had been fooled by the girl, but it was in vain. The robbers did not believe him and demanded real gold nuggets. In the end, the village chief had to give them all his money.

Unit 4 单元检测卷

听力材料:

Text 1

W: I'm so excited.

M: Any good news?

W: Jimmy and I got the chance to visit New York with another three people for free.

Text 2

M: I think you'd better type this letter again before Mr Smith sees it.

W: Oh, dear! Is it as bad as that?

Text 3

M: What's the matter with Jane? She has been sitting there for hours.

W: A letter from her mother made her feel homesick.

Text 4

W: Have you played baseball before? My husband says their team needs one more player.

M: Not really. But I like ball games, so I believe it will be fun to learn baseball.

Text 5

M: You should have prepared your speech for the meeting, Susan.

W: Yes, I know. But how could I prepare with the meeting date fixed so soon?

Text 6

W: Hello, Rick. I've come to say goodbye to you.

M: Are you going back to your country Canada?

W: No. I'll travel in Europe with my parents as this term is over. I want to go to France, but my parents prefer Germany. We'll travel for two months.

M: Wow, the whole summer vacation! Wish you an enjoyable holiday!

Text 7

W: I read a report on the people who can use a foreign language, mainly English.

M: Really? What's it about?

W: It's mainly about the different attitudes people have towards the foreign language learning. About twenty-seven per cent of the people think a foreign language is a must in their daily life.

M: I can't agree more. There are more and more people learning foreign languages.

W: That's true. About thirty-five per cent of the people are learning or willing to learn a foreign language.

M: As far as I'm concerned, many people, especially students, are forced to do so because of exams.

W: Yes. That accounts for twenty-one per cent. There are also about fifteen per cent of the people who take foreign languages to be useless and they take no interest in them

at all.

Text 8

W: We have got our own home. It must be wonderful to live by ourselves.

M: I have been looking forward to it since we got married.

W: Here I have a dressing table of my own.

M: Oh, the room is so small. I thought it would be a lot bigger.

W: So did I. After all, it's a new one. It's our own house. That's what really matters. Is that right? Let's put the chairs in front of the fireplace.

M: Um, but we should first consider where to put the bed. It is the biggest piece of furniture.

W: Well, let's put it over there, and the chairs near the window.

M: All right. Then you can draw and I can read by the window.

Text 9

W: Dad, where are we going?

M: First, we will go to the city centre and stop for somewhere to drink. Then we will visit the University Museum.

W: Where are we going to have a drink?

M: There is a coffee shop round the corner. Can you see that big building at the end of the road?

W: Yeah, I can see it.

M: That is a bank. The coffee shop is opposite the bank.

W: Good. I will have hot chocolate.

M: Samantha, stop! Wait for the lights to turn green. When crossing the road you must always pay attention to what's around you.

W: Sorry. How far is the museum?

M: Only three stops away. We can walk there.

Text 10

W: One day, Murphy went to a doctor to talk about his wife. He said to the doctor, "Doctor, I think my wife is deaf because she never hears me the first time and I always have to say things again and again." "Well," the doctor answered, "go home and stand about fifteen feet from her and say something to her. If she doesn't answer, move about five feet closer and say it again. Keep doing this so that we'll get an idea about how serious her deafness is."

Sure enough, Murphy went home and did exactly as the doctor told him. He stood about fifteen feet from his wife in the kitchen as she was cutting some vegetables and said, "Betty, what's for dinner?" He heard no answer. He moved about five feet closer and asked again. No answer. He moved five feet closer. Still no answer. He got fed up and moved right behind her, about an inch away, and asked again, "Betty, what's for dinner?" Betty said, "That's the fourth time you asked me. They are

meatballs.”

第一部分 听力

1-5 CCAAC 6-10 ABCAC 11-15 BABCC

16-20 BACBC

第二部分 阅读

第一节

A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了湖区几个主要的景点的特色和地点等。

21. A 细节理解题。根据题干中的 festival 可定位至第一个景点,根据本部分中的 home to the International Marmalade Festival 可知,第一个景点是一个著名节日的举办地,故答案选 A。
22. A 细节理解题。根据题干中的 Abbot Hall Art Gallery 可定位至第二个景点,根据本部分中的 The impressive permanent collection includes Turners and Romneys and the temporary exhibition programme has Canaletto and the artists from St Ives. 可知,在第二个景点可以欣赏到罗姆尼的作品,故答案选 A。
23. 细节理解题。根据题干中的 Wordsworth's life 可定位至第四个景点,根据本部分第一句和 Town: Grasmere 可知,如果想了解华兹华斯的生活,可以去格拉斯米尔,故答案选 D。

B

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了中国艺术家蔡国强利用烟花的视觉和物理力量来创作的艺术作品《天梯》及其背后的故事。

24. A 词义猜测题。根据画线词前面的 Fireworks are exciting, but also hard to control. 和下文的介绍可知,烟花很难控制,不过,中国艺术家蔡国强利用烟花的视觉和物理力量创作出了令人惊叹的艺术作品《天梯》,由此可推测,画线词的意思是“控制,利用”,故答案选 A。
25. C 细节理解题。根据第四段中的 The sculpture burned for 80 seconds before its flames began to die out from the bottom up. 可知,“天梯”在空中持续燃烧了 1 分钟 20 秒,故答案选 C。
26. B 细节理解题。根据第五段中的 He first attempted Sky Ladder in 1994, but bad weather prevented him from successfully completing the work. 可知,第一次燃放“天梯”没成功的原因是天气状况不好,故答案选 B。
27. D 主旨大意题。本文主要讲述了中国艺术家蔡国强创作的艺术作品《天梯》成功绽放,D 项作为标题既指《天梯》这个烟火表演作品,也指蔡国强所从事的烟火表演艺术,故答案选 D。

C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了梵高美术馆及梵高对世界艺术的影响。

28. D 细节理解题。根据第一段中的 Welcome to the Van Gogh Gallery for information about the life and work of Vincent van Gogh. 可知,梵高美术馆网站可以提供关于梵高的生活及作品信息,故答案选 D。

29. D 细节理解题。根据第二段中的 For information about how Van Gogh's art has influenced our society today, view the Impact on Art, Cultural References, and News sections. 可知,在 Cultural References 这一展区中可以了解到梵高的艺术作品是如何影响我们如今的社会的,故答案选 D。

30. B 主旨大意题。第三段主要讲了梵高美术馆网站可以提供梵高名画的图片下载,出售梵高海报及照片,还会提供一些展览链接,甚至还有课程计划。由此可知,本段围绕它的服务展开说明,故答案选 B。

31. A 推理判断题。根据文章内容,尤其是最后一段中的 Tragically, Van Gogh died not knowing the praise his art would receive. 可知,梵高离世后他的作品受到人们的极高评价,而在他的有生之年却对此无从知晓,换句话说,在他的一生中,他的作品接受度并不高,故答案选 A。

D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇议论文。文章主要讲述了言语对人们有积极影响,也有消极影响,并且这种影响是持续的。自我鼓励的言语对我们有重要的积极意义,同时我们也要注意使用恰当的言语与别人交流。

32. D 细节理解题。根据第一段中的 It doesn't matter if the words come from someone else or ourselves — the positive and negative effects are just as lasting. 可知,不管言语出自他人还是我们自己,其积极与消极影响都是持续的,故答案选 D。
33. B 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 This “self-talk” helps us motivate ourselves, remember things, solve problems, and calm ourselves down. 可知,作者认为这种“自言自语”能帮助我们激励自己、记住事情、解决问题、让自己冷静。由此可见,作者对“自言自语”持积极态度,故答案选 B。
34. B 词义猜测题。根据画线部分后面的 The next time you finish a project, do well in a test, or finally clean your room, join me in saying “Good job!” 可推断出,画线部分意思为要表扬自己,故答案选 B。
35. D 推理判断题。根据文章最后两段,尤其是倒数第二段中的 Before speaking, we should always ask ourselves: Is it loving? Is it needed? 可知,在说话前我们要思考这些想说的话是否合适,也就是说在和别人说话前要多思,故答案选 D。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要讲了白日梦对产生奇妙想法的作用及如何更好地利用白日梦激发奇妙想法。

36. A 上一句说做白日梦的人似乎健忘而笨拙,下一句说他们惹恼了“我们”,因为他们似乎忽略了“我们”并错过了重要的事情,因此 A 项的“他们出神地凝视前方,独自游离其中。”承上启下,符合语境,故答案选 A。
37. C 上一段主要讲了白日梦的弊端,本段话锋一转,说到白日梦其实有很多好处,C 项“相对来说,若没有那

些奇思妙想,我们就不会有电话或手表。”符合上下文的逻辑关系,故答案选 C。

38. B 根据上一句 *Feeling safe and relaxed will help you to slip into daydreams.* 可知,感觉安全和放松会帮你进入白日梦。B 项“思考有趣的事情也有帮助。”是对上一句的补充,都是在说明怎样才能进入白日梦,故答案选 B。
39. E 上一句提到集中注意力是一些人用来避免睡着的方法,所以接下来应该谈这种方法是如何帮助人们避免睡着的,E 项“它需要缓慢、稳定的呼吸来进行自我调控,从而帮助人们保持镇静和专心。”符合语境,故答案选 E。
40. G 根据上一句 *Finally, you never know what wonderful idea might strike you while your mind has moved slowly away.* 可知,你永远不知道什么奇妙的想法会突然出现,所以在做白日梦时要在身边准备一个笔记本或录音器,故答案选 G。

第三部分 语言运用

第一节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。作者邻居的孩子凯恩天生腿有问题,但是家人对他细心照顾,不让他觉得自己有什么不同。凯恩虽然腿有问题,但却给作者带来了温暖力量。这一切让作者领悟到一个道理:爱能超越一切。

41. C 根据下文中的 *Kane used his hands to move about* 可知,凯恩用手四处移动,说明他天生腿 (legs) 有问题,故答案选 C。
42. A 此处表示作者目睹了凯恩的身体缺陷对家庭的影响 (effect),故答案选 A。
43. B 根据该空后的 *hugged this special child* 可知,这是一个可以拥抱这个有缺陷的孩子的家庭,所以这个家庭是令人惊叹的 (wonderful),故答案选 B。
44. C 家人不想让凯恩觉得自己有什么不同 (different),故答案选 C。
45. D 乔林为凯恩做了一辆小车,方便他四处走动 (get around),故答案选 D。
46. B 这辆小车使凯恩可以到达他想去的地方。allow 有“使有可能”之意,符合语境,故答案选 B。
47. A 凯恩有着灿烂的笑容,虽然他只有两岁,但却喜欢与人交流 (communicate),故答案选 A。
48. B 这个男孩很聪明,甚至能理解 (understood) 人类最复杂的情感,故答案选 B。
49. D 作者后来开始意识到 (realise) 这个孩子是被派来帮助那些没有真正理解爱的含义的人的,故答案选 D。
50. C 凯恩需要关注,但不是因为他活动有困难或其他明显的缺陷。上下文之间是转折关系,所以用 but,故答案选 C。
51. A 此处与上一句中的 *his mobility challenges or other apparent shortcomings* 相呼应:在凯恩看来,自己并没有挑战 (challenges),也没有缺陷,故答案选 A。
52. D 事实 (truth) 是凯恩受到关注是因为他充满活力、

真实而且有许多东西可以奉献,故答案选 D。

53. A 凯恩深深地触动 (touched) 了作者,故答案选 A。
54. A 作者从凯恩和他的家人那里学到了人生重要的一课 (lesson):爱能超越一切,故答案选 A。
55. D 作者只能想象到作为像凯恩这样的孩子的父母可能会充满焦虑 (anxiety),故答案选 D。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章以美丽的漓江为背景,讲述了中国古代一位画家被最伟大的画家——大自然——的魅力征服的故事。

56. to create 分析句子成分可知,该空作表语,表示具体的、将来的动作,所以应该用动词不定式,故填 to create。
57. inspiration 分析句子成分可知,该空作 get 的宾语,且其前有 their 修饰,所以应该用名词,inspiration 作“灵感”讲时为不可数名词,故填 inspiration。
58. whose 该空引导非限制性定语从句,先行词 artist 指人,关系词在从句中作定语,故填 whose。
59. finest 皇帝想要挑最好的,所以需要画家提供最好的作品,以便皇帝选择,所以应该用 fine 的最高级形式,故填 finest。
60. be chosen 此处表示“这位画家确信他会被选中”,he 与 choose 之间为被动关系,且 would 后跟动词原形,故填 be chosen。
61. When/As 当他问河岸上的村民他在哪里可以找到这位大名鼎鼎的画家时,他们笑着指向河的下流。由语境可知,此处引导时间状语从句,表示“当……时”,且从句中的 asked 为非延续性动词,不能用 while 引导,所以用 when 或 as 引导,该空位于句首,首字母要大写,故填 When 或 As。
62. pointed 该空与 smiled 由 and 连接作并列谓语,时态应该与 smiled 一致,使用一般过去时,故填 pointed。
63. gently 此处修饰动词 moved,应该用副词,故填 gently。
64. surrounding 分析句子结构可知,此处为 see sth doing sth 结构,表示“看到某物正在做某事”,即 saw the soft clouds surrounding the mountain tops,故填 surrounding。
65. on 这位画家最终在世界上最伟大的画家——大自然——的面前感到谦卑。on Earth 为固定短语,表示“世界上”,故填 on。

第四部分 写作

第一节

One possible version:

Dear Jack,

I'm Li Hua, Chairman of the Students' Union. I'm writing to tell you that there will be a meeting in the school hall on International Mother Language Day. It will begin at 9 am on 21 February, and we would be honoured to have you there with us.

Both Chinese teachers and English teachers are supposed to talk about their mother languages at the meeting. As you are acknowledged as one of our best English teachers, we hope

you can make a speech about how the English language is taught in an American middle school.

We really hope you can make it. Looking forward to your reply.

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节

One possible version:

People have mixed opinions towards punishment to children. (要点1) There are mainly physical and emotional punishments. (要点2) As a matter of fact, it is difficult to find an agreed standard of how to raise a child. (要点3) Proper punishment can be instructive and necessary to children while love and education are the most important for parents to make their kids behave well. (要点4)

Unit 5 单元检测卷

听力材料:

Text 1

M: Could you explain the homework for today, Miss Smith?

W: Certainly. Read the next unit in your textbook after class and come to class prepared to discuss what you've read.

Text 2

M: Hi, Lucy. I didn't expect to see you here at Bill's party.

W: Hi, David. Bill's my best friend. He has a beautiful house, doesn't he?

Text 3

M: Why are you still here? Don't you have a meeting at 8:30 this morning?

W: Oh, don't worry. It's five past eight now. I still have enough time.

M: But that clock is twenty minutes slow!

Text 4

W: Do you have plans tonight? How about having dinner with me?

M: I'd like to, but I promised my sister I'd take her to the airport.

W: Ah, OK! How about next evening?

M: Oh, I just promised Sue that I'd go to a movie with her. Sorry.

Text 5

M: Excuse me. Could you tell me the way to the History Museum?

W: Oh, go up this street and turn left at the next crossroads. Then the third building from the corner is the museum. It's opposite the post office. You can't miss it.

Text 6

M: Hi, Mary. Do you have a minute?

W: Hi, Mike. Sure, go ahead.

M: My best friend Leo is coming to visit me on Thursday.

W: Oh, that's the day after tomorrow. Are you all ready for his

visit?

M: Not yet. That's why I called you. I was wondering if you could help me.

W: My pleasure. Just tell me what I can do for you.

M: Would you mind going shopping with me? I wrote down everything I need to buy. I just need help doing the shopping.

W: No problem. I love shopping.

Text 7

W: Good morning. City Taxi. How can I help you?

M: Good morning. I'd like to book a taxi to the airport for Saturday morning, please.

W: OK. Where will you be leaving from?

M: I'm at the Garden Hotel on Union Street. There will be three of us sharing. How much will it be?

W: About sixty dollars.

M: About sixty dollars? Each or...

W: That's the total. What time do you want to leave?

M: Seven in the morning.

W: All right. We'll pick you up at your hotel at seven then.

Text 8

W: We've got a new manager in our department.

M: Oh? You hoped to get that job, didn't you?

W: Yeah. I've worked for nearly five years, but he's been in the company for only one year.

M: Why did they give it to him instead of you?

W: Because I'm the wrong gender.

M: You mean you didn't get the job because you're a woman?

W: Yes, that was probably it.

M: What sort of clothes does he wear?

W: A suit and a tie, white shirt and black shoes.

M: Perhaps that had something to do with it.

W: You mean I shouldn't come to work in jeans and a T-shirt?

M: I'm not saying you shouldn't. Just think about it.

W: I don't understand. I am good at my job!

Text 9

W: Hello. Catherine Community Centre. Can I help you?

M: Hello. My name is Jack. I would like some information, please. Do you offer chess classes?

W: Yes, we do. Would you like to join one of our classes?

M: Yes, I would.

W: OK. The chess classes are once a week, either Saturday or Sunday, from 3:00 pm to 5:00 pm.

M: Hmm, Sunday is better, since I need Saturday to finish all my homework.

W: OK, I'll put you down for the Sunday class. Would you like to join any of our other classes?

M: Well, I'm not exactly sure what else you offer.

W: Perhaps I should first ask you what you enjoy?

M: I like computers.

W: Perfect. We have a computer class on Fridays. Oh, sorry,

not Fridays, Sundays. It's from 5:00 pm to 7:00 pm or from 8:00 pm to 10:00 pm.

M: So, when I finish the chess class at 5:00 pm, I can just go to the computer class from 5:00 pm to 7:00 pm?

W: Yes, that would save your time coming back here again for another class. And if you take two classes, we give you twenty per cent off the fees for the two classes.

M: Good. Then sign me up for the computer class as well.

Text 10

W: An old lady and her husband lived on the second floor, and Daniel's family lived in the flat above theirs. Daniel's mother and the old lady were good friends. Sadly, though, the old lady died last month, and her husband could not live alone, so he had his grandson move in to live with him.

The grandson has become a problem to all the neighbours, especially to Daniel's family. The walls are thin and he is too noisy. Daniel is used to a peaceful and quiet neighbourhood, but the young man likes to listen to the radio late at night. Sometimes he has friends over to visit and they make a lot of noise. That is too much for Daniel's family.

Daniel's mother once asked the old man politely if he was able to sleep well at night, but probably he didn't understand. Even if he did and spoke to his grandson, the young man would not listen, so things would not change at all.

第一部分 听力

1-5 ABCAA 6-10 BAABB 11-15 BACBB

16-20 AABAB

第二部分 阅读

第一节

A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了墨尔本海洋生物水族馆的位置、交通、停车等相关信息。

21. A 细节理解题。根据文章开头第一句中的 The Sea Life Melbourne Aquarium, situated in the heart of Melbourne's CBD 可知,墨尔本海洋生物水族馆位于墨尔本 CBD 的中心位置,A 项与之相符,centre 是 heart 的同义转换词,故答案选 A。

22. D 细节理解题。根据 Tram 小标题下的 The Sea Life Melbourne Aquarium tram stop is located on the free City Circle Tram route and also routes 70 and 75. 可知,游客可以乘坐 70 路或者 75 路有轨电车到达墨尔本海洋生物水族馆,故答案选 D。

23. B 细节理解题。根据 Wheelchair Access 部分中的 The Sea Life Melbourne Aquarium provides people in wheelchairs with full access to all 12 zones. 可知,乘坐轮椅的人可以很方便地进入墨尔本海洋生物水族馆的全部 12 个展区,也就是说该水族馆有专门的轮椅通道,故答案选 B。

B

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了植物的自我保护行为,同时说明了植物可以通过“语言”进行交流。

24. D 细节理解题。根据第一段中的 young maple trees getting bitten by insects send out a particular smell that neighbouring plants can get 以及 These chemicals come from the injured parts of the plant and seem to be an alarm. 可知,植物受到袭击时会散发出特殊的化学物质,故答案选 D。

25. A 推理判断题。根据第三段中的 They pump out perfumes designed to attract different insects who are natural enemies to the attackers. 和 The attackers who were lunching now become lunch. 可知,有些植物会散发出香味来吸引其他的昆虫,这些昆虫是攻击者的天敌,因此,当这些昆虫到来时,原来的攻击者就成了这些昆虫的午餐,也就是说,攻击者受到了攻击,故答案选 A。

26. B 细节理解题。根据第一段至第四段可知,科学家研究发现,植物在受到袭击时会散发出特殊的化学物质,其他植物会“听到”警报,从而保护自己,故答案选 B。

27. C 推理判断题。根据最后一段可知,世界远比我们所看到的、听到的更加繁忙、喧嚣、联系密切,我们还有很多需要探索,由此可推知,世界比我们看到的和听到的更加复杂,故答案选 C。

C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了丘吉尔(镇)周边的北极熊的生存环境、全球变暖对北极熊捕食的影响以及塑料和化学制品对北极熊的危害。

28. A 细节理解题。根据第一段中的 Churchill is out in the middle of nowhere 可知,丘吉尔(镇)在荒无人烟的地方,说明其位置很偏远,故答案选 A。

29. B 推理判断题。根据第一段中的 October and November are the best polar bear viewing times... on the bears' migration route to view the vigorous creatures. 可知,北极熊可能会在 10 月和 11 月迁徙,故答案选 B。

30. D 细节理解题。根据第二段中的 Because Earth is getting warmer, the ice forms later in the year now and disappears sooner in spring. As a result, polar bears have less time to hunt for seals. 可知,因为地球逐渐变暖,每年的冰形成得晚,在春天融化得快,所以北极熊捕食海豹的时间更少了,故答案选 D。

31. C 主旨大意题。最后一段主要讲了人类排入海洋的塑料和化学品对北极熊的危害,故答案选 C。

D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了醋可以使农作物及其他植物在干旱的环境中生存,从而有望解决气候变化导致的粮食产量下降的问题。

32. D 细节理解题。根据第四段中的 The discovery was made after the researchers studied the Arabidopsis, a plant known for its ability to survive in dry weather. 可知,这种植物的特点是耐旱,故答案选 D。

33. C 推理判断题。根据第四、五段可知,科学家进行进一步实验的目的是检验把乙酸盐添加到植物的土壤中以增加植物耐旱能力的有效性,故答案选 C。
34. D 推理判断题。由最后一段内容可知,作者对这个发现持乐观态度,故答案选 D。
35. A 主旨大意题。由第一段中的 And now, according to scientists, it may even help the planet's population to ease hunger. 及下文内容可知,文章主要介绍了醋可以使农作物及其他植物在干旱的环境中生存,解决气候变化导致的粮食产量下降问题,从而有助于消除饥饿,故答案选 A。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。作者主要介绍了自己克服拖延这一问题的方法——“两分钟规则”。

36. A 下一句 There are two parts of the “2-Minute Rule”. 提到了“两分钟规则”,所以此处应该引出“两分钟规则”,故答案选 A。
37. G 下文列举了一些可以在两分钟内完成的事情,此处应该是提出观点,G项“令人吃惊的是,有许多可以在两分钟或更少的时间内完成的事情却被我们拖延了。”符合语境,故答案选 G。
38. B 上文讲到不是所有的目标都能在两分钟内实现,但每一个目标都可以在两分钟或更少的时间内开始,此处衔接上文,同时再次点明主题,B项“而那正是这一小规则背后的目的。”符合语境,故答案选 B。
39. D 上文讲到“两分钟规则”适用于大小目标的原因是生活的惯性,此处引出生活的惯性的具体内容,D项“一旦你开始做某事,继续做下去会更容易。”符合语境,且 D 项中的 Once you start doing something 与下一句中的 once you get started 相呼应,故答案选 D。
40. E 作者在上一句说不敢保证“两分钟规则”是否适用于你,E项“但是我可以保证如果你不尝试的话它就永远不会起作用。”衔接上文,同时引出下文,符合语境,故答案选 E。

第三部分 语言运用

第一节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了贾勒特·利特尔和同伴在一次骑行中遇到一条受伤的狗并对其进行救助的故事。

41. C 由本句中的 Something 和下一句中的 turned out to be 可知,小狗应该是在远处 (in the distance) 的树林里,故答案选 C。
42. C 由下文可知,他们很快就意识到 (realized) 要带着小狗走,故答案选 C。
43. B 下一句讲到了带着小狗的困难,所以这里是说他们不知道怎么带着这条小狗。have no idea 意为“不知道”,故答案选 B。
44. D 下一句中,利特尔说小狗将会成为短吻鳄的食物,所以此处是说不能把小狗留下 (leave),故答案选 D。
45. B 如果把小狗留在这里,它最终 (end up) 将成为短吻鳄的食物,故答案选 B。

46. D 小狗受伤了,所以利特尔小心地 (carefully) 抱起小狗,故答案选 D。
47. C 由该空后的 jersey 可知,利特尔把小狗的后腿放进了骑行运动套衫的后兜 (pockets) 里,故答案选 C。
48. A 利特尔把小狗的后腿放进了骑行运动套衫的后兜里,然后把小狗的前爪放 (placed) 在自己的肩膀上,故答案选 A。
49. A 因为小狗受伤了,所以它并没有挣扎 (fight),故答案选 A。
50. C 小狗很高兴,因为利特尔和狄克逊在那里抚摸并安慰 (comforting) 它,故答案选 C。
51. D 然后他们来到了一家自行车店,在那里他们为小狗准备了更多的水 (water) 和食物,故答案选 D。
52. B 就在那时,来自缅甸的律师安德烈娅·肖碰巧经过 (pass by),故答案选 B。
53. D 小狗径直朝肖走去并舔她,肖了解了事情之后很感动 (touched),故答案选 D。
54. A 由下文可知,肖收留 (keep) 了小狗,故答案选 A。
55. B 根据语境可知,一匹马、一匹小矮马以及一个小男孩都给小狗做伴 (company),故答案选 B。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇议论文。动物园是必不可少的,还是对动物只有害? 对此,专家持不同的看法。

56. or 根据句意“动物园是必不可少的,还是对动物只有害?”可知,此处需要填入表示选择关系的 or。
57. disagreement(s) 该空作动词 causes 的宾语,应该填名词, disagreement 既可以作可数名词,又可以作不可数名词,故填 disagreement(s)。
58. placing 此处作宾语从句的主语,应该用动名词,故填 placing。
59. be left 主语 they 指代 all animals,与 leave 之间为被动关系,should 后接动词原形,故填 be left。
60. to know educate sb to do sth 意为“教育某人做某事”,此处使用了这一短语的被动形式,故填 to know。
61. differently 此处修饰动词 think,应该用副词,故填 differently。
62. arguments one of 后接名词复数,故填 arguments。
63. such such as 为固定搭配,意为“像,诸如,例如 (用于举例)”,后面列举了中国熊猫与印度白虎,故填 such。
64. are 此处陈述其中一个论点,且由主句时态可知,表语从句应该用一般现在时;由句中举的两个例子可知,主语为复数概念,指“某些物种”,故填 are。
65. from save sb/sth from... 意为“将某人/某物从……中拯救;使某人/某物免于……”,此处使用了这一结构的被动形式,故填 from。

第四部分 写作

第一节

One possible version:

An interesting experiment

Recently, in order to build up our interest in learning biology, our teacher did an inspiring and interesting

experiment, which I will never forget.

In the class, our teacher asked us to grow a little plant in a small box with a hole on it, after which we helped cover the plant and place it by the window. A few days later, when we removed the box, it's surprising that the plant grew bigger, but not straight, bending to the hole, where some light could come in.

The experiment shows our life is just like the plant and we should try to adapt ourselves to the surroundings. Only in this way will we succeed in every field.

第二节

One possible version:

Paragraph 1:

One day he didn't come to the restaurant. She called his home, but no one answered. Being worried, Kathy went to his house only to find that he had died the day before. She couldn't help crying bitterly. It was the kind man's visits to the restaurant that made Kathy change her attitude to life and brought her many smiles, but now he has gone. Charlie having no family or close friends, Kathy gave the funeral for him.

Paragraph 2:

Several days after the funeral, Kathy received a very important letter in the postbox. It was from Charlie's lawyer, in which was a cheque for \$600,000! Kathy was surprised to notice a handwritten note reading: "Dear Kathy, by the time you read this, I have been gone. Here I had left my gratitude, for a smile is worth much more than \$20, which is priceless."

Unit 6 单元检测卷

听力材料:

Text 1

M: What a funny dress, Sally! Did you make it yourself?

W: No, I bought it in a shop. I'm going to a party as Snow White tonight.

Text 2

M: When can I go back to work, Dr Woods?

W: I suggest you take it easy until your temperature goes back to normal.

Text 3

M: Mum, I love dogs. They are so cute and smart. Can I have one?

W: Well, don't you think they are a little noisy and dirty? How about a rabbit or some fish?

Text 4

W: Look at this ad, "Computers, 70% off". I'm going to order one.

M: Sounds too good to be true. If I were you, I'd get more information before giving the money.

Text 5

W: When I am playing the piano, I don't worry about

anything. How about you? Do you do anything special to relax?

M: I go to the gym every day. It helps me deal with stress.

Text 6

M: What were you thinking? You nearly hit me!

W: What are you talking about? You saw my signal, and when I turned left, you sped up and blocked me!

M: I was just driving through a yellow light so I couldn't stop.

W: You are lucky there were no police around, or you would have got a ticket for sure! It's drivers like you that leave the rest of us a bad name.

Text 7

W: Good morning. North Wind Airways. May I help you?

M: Yes. Do you have any afternoon flights to Shanghai on 7 July?

W: One moment, please. Yes. There's a flight at 12:45 pm and one at 4:40 pm.

M: Either of those would be fine. Can you tell me how much a return flight would cost? I'll be returning on 21 July.

W: Economy, business, or first class?

M: Economy, please.

W: OK. That will be \$500. Which afternoon flight would you like to take on 7 July?

M: The 4:40 one.

Text 8

W: Hey, sorry. The meeting ran late. What is this?

M: Someone in the club gave me this. It's an invitation from a tennis club in Sweden.

W: Sweden? Why did he give it to you?

M: He wanted me to join the club. A lot of people who joined the club ended up becoming professional tennis players.

W: Oh, that's amazing! You have to do it!

M: But I don't want to go.

W: Why?

M: Because I have promised my uncle I would help him at his company.

W: But this is a good opportunity. I think your uncle can find someone else to help him.

M: I'm not interested in playing professionally. I'd rather be working in my uncle's company and saving money for college.

Text 9

M: Is there a city where it's always warm?

W: Yes, there are many cities where it's almost always warm — San Diego, for example.

M: Is there any other city where it's always hot?

W: Yes, there are quite a few. Most of the cities in the southern part of the United States are hot all year.

M: But why do so many people live there?

W: Most people have gotten used to the climate, but there are others who complain about it all the time.

M: Are there any cities where it rains a lot?
W: Yes, there are several. Two good examples are Seattle in the state of Washington, and Portland in Oregon.
M: Tell me about some cold cities.
W: In the north there are many cities which are very cold in the winter. Boston and Chicago are two of them.
M: Is it always cold in Chicago and Boston?
W: Oh, no. On the contrary, the weather can be great, especially in spring and fall.

Text 10

M: Hello, and thank you for calling Riverview Cinemas, the city's finest collection of theatres, all with stadium seating. The box office opens 45 minutes before show time. Films playing at the moment include: *Road Trip*, with a running time of 1 hour and 49 minutes, playing at 11:15, 1:20, 3:45, and 6:05; *Go for the Gold*, with a running time of 1 hour and 37 minutes, playing at 11:50, 2:00, 4:15, and 6:30; and *Friends Forever*, at 12:10, 2:00, 3:50, 6:15, and 8:30, with a running time of 1 hour and 23 minutes. Regular tickets are \$6.00 for adults, \$2.50 for children 3 to 11, and \$4.50 for children 12 to 17. Tickets for seniors only cost \$1.50. All tickets on Tuesdays are \$2.00. You can also buy tickets online — no waiting, no lines. Thank you for choosing Riverview Cinemas!

第一部分 听力

1-5 ABABC 6-10 ACBCA 11-15 ACCAB

16-20 CBBCB

第二部分 阅读

第一节

A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了英国怀特岛上的几个景点。

21. A 细节理解题。根据最后一个景点介绍中的 This museum is run completely by unpaid volunteers. 可知,该博物馆是由没有任何报酬的志愿者运营,也就是说运营该博物馆的人免费工作,故答案选 A。
22. C 细节理解题。文章在介绍恐龙岛时提到了 both fun and educational,在介绍怀特西部时提到了 combine fun with learning,由此可知,有趣且具有教育意义是这两个景点的共同之处,故答案选 C。
23. A 推理判断题。由第一段中的关键信息 a nice place to relax on holiday 和 tourist attractions 及下文对几个景点的介绍可以推测,这篇文章是与旅游相关的,应该选自一本旅游杂志,故答案选 A。

B

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。由于气候变化,用于制造巧克力的可可树未来可能会灭绝,所以巧克力有可能会成为历史。

24. C 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 The problem doesn't lie in increasing heat, but in lower humidity... 可知,可可

树难以存活是因为土壤中水分的流失,故答案选 C。

25. A 词义猜测题。根据第三段中的 it's believed that rainfall will stay at the same level if the temperature rises 及第四段中的 as higher temperatures squeeze more water out of soil and plants, it's unlikely that rainfall will increase enough 可知,气温上升会导致更多的水分蒸发,但降雨量还是会保持在原来的水平,因此降雨量不足以抵消水分的流失,由此可猜测,画线词的意思是“补偿,抵销”,故答案选 A。
26. D 细节理解题。根据倒数第三段中的 one of the world's biggest companies of chocolate products announced that it would spend 1 billion dollars helping reduce the effects of climate change 可知,这家公司会给予经济支援,用来减少气候变化带来的不良影响,故答案选 D。
27. C 主旨大意题。文章第一、二段点明主题:气候变化有可能会使巧克力消失;第三、四段说明原因;第五、六段说明了应对措施;最后一段再次点题:如果每个人都作出努力,我们就有可能避免巧克力成为历史。由文章结构可知,全文围绕“气候变化有可能会使巧克力成为历史”这一主题展开,所以 C 项最能概括全文,适合作为文章标题,故答案选 C。

C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。研究表明,工作场所中的自然元素能让人更快乐、更有效地工作。

28. C 推理判断题。文章第一段说明了工作场所常见的弊端,为下文作铺垫,旨在引出文章的主题,故答案选 C。
29. B 推理判断题。根据第二段中的关键信息 noticeable and measurable benefits 及第三段中的 The positive effects touch on everything from the workers' happiness and creativity to increased productivity, improved profits, and the improved ability to attract the best workers. 可知,在工作场所中增添自然元素有许多好处,可以提升员工幸福感、创造力,还能增加产量和利润,同时可以吸引优秀的雇员,由此可推断,工作场所中的自然元素是有利的,故答案选 B。
30. A 细节理解题。根据题干中的关键信息 the Human Spaces report 可定位至第五段。根据第五段中的 Responding to the Human Spaces report, those who worked in environments with natural elements reported a 15 per cent higher level of well-being, a 6 per cent higher level of productivity and a 15 per cent higher level of creativity. 可知,在有自然元素的地方工作的员工幸福指数更高,生产力及创造力都更强,换言之,这些地方的员工更幸福、更有生产力和创造力,故答案选 A。
31. D 细节理解题。根据最后一段最后一句 But more research is needed into biophilia, experts say. 可知,专家将会对热爱自然的天性进行更多研究,故答案选 D。

D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了教学并不是人类独有的能力,动物的聪明程度远超我们的想象,它们也具有教学能力。

32. C 主旨大意题。本段由两句话组成。第一句为主题句,requires 是关键词,冒号后都是对要求的解释,而第二句是评价性信息。所以本段主要讲了教学的要求,故答案选 C。
33. A 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 In the honeybees' amazing dance, the dancer takes time to indicate information about a source of food, but the observers learn no new skill. They do take time to show something, but they do not pass on new skills to learners.可知,在蜜蜂的舞蹈中,舞者花时间指出与食物来源有关的信息,但观察者并没有学到新的技能,它们确实花时间来演示,但并没有给学习者传授新技能,因此蜜蜂的舞蹈不是在教学,而是在展示信息,故答案选 A。
34. B 推理判断题。根据第四段中的 Atlantic spotted dolphin mothers sometimes free a caught fish in the presence of their youngsters and let their youngsters chase it, catching it again if it's getting away.可知,海豚妈妈会在宝宝面前放一条捉回来的鱼让它们追赶;根据第五段中的 house cats who bring back live prey and let their young learn to catch it 可知,家猫带回活着的猎物让宝宝们捕捉。由此可判断,海豚和家猫的教学方法相似,故答案选 B。
35. C 推理判断题。根据最后一段中的 Like toolmaking and teaching, imitation is also considered to reflect high intelligence.可知,模仿也是高智商的体现,而作者举多莉用牛奶代替烟雾的例子就是为了证明动物出乎意料地聪明,故答案选 C。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章就如何成为环保少年提出了几条建议。

36. A 上文提出疑问:要保护环境,我们应该怎么做?下文给出四条建议。A 项“以下是关于环保的四步指南。”承接上文问句,同时引出下文,符合语境,故答案选 A。
37. D 根据本部分小标题 Reduce it! 及该空后的 For instance, a shorter shower means you use less water and less fuel since your house uses fuel to run the heater that warms up the water.可知,本段主要讲的是减少使用资源,D 项“当你少用一些东西时,你就是在为地球做一件好事。”对小标题作出解释,同时与下文例子相符,故答案选 D。
38. G 上文讲人们倾向于扔掉旧的物品,下文举例说弟弟不喜欢的篮圈可以送给别的小朋友,G 项“但很多时候即使你不再需要某种东西,别人也许正需要。”承上启下,符合语境,故答案选 G。
39. E 上文讲到地球是一个巨大的、美丽的、随时可探索的地方,下文谈到可以去远足、参观当地的自然中心和花园,也可以去爬山,E 项“你可以从当地开始,参观自己所在城市的自然美景。”符合语境,故答案选 E。
40. F 上文作者建议种一棵树或建一个园子,F 项中的 tree 和 garden plants 与之呼应,符合语境,故答案选 F。

第三部分 语言运用

第一节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了养宠物有益健康,可以延年益寿。

41. A 根据下一句 And good health may add years to a person's life.可知,身体健康可能使一个人的寿命增加数年,由此可推测,上一句应表示养宠物可能使主人保持健康 (healthy),故答案选 A。
42. C 多年来,科学家一直在研究 (looking at) 宠物和人的健康之间的关系,故答案选 C。
43. D 由句中的 less than 可以推断出,本句是在对养宠物的人和没有 (without) 养宠物的人进行比较,故答案选 D。
44. C 研究人员艾伦·贝克说,如果 (if) 这些问题的答案是肯定的,那么养宠物可能是个好主意,故答案选 C。
45. C 由本段第一句 Can pets also help people live longer? 可知,本段主要谈论养宠物与人的寿命之间的关系,所以此处的研究对象,即护士照顾的对象应该是老年 (old) 人,故答案选 C。
46. A 本段主要讨论养宠物与人的寿命之间的关系,所以此处应该是“她的研究表明,养宠物可能会使人衰老 (age) 得更慢”。age 作动词时,意为“(使) 变老”,故答案选 A。
47. D 本句中的 Some 与下一句中的 Others 形成对比,由下一句 Others make people feel bad.可以推测,此处应该是说有些化学物质使人感觉良好 (good),good 与 bad 意义相反,故答案选 D。
48. D 本句中的 while 表示两种情形的对比。有宠物围绕在人们身边时,使人感觉良好的化学物质的含量会增加 (rose),而使人感觉糟糕的化学物质的含量会下降,故答案选 D。
49. B 由上文中提到的 “good” chemicals 和 “bad” chemicals 可以推测,此处表示“使人感觉良好的化学物质 (chemicals) 似乎减缓了细胞的衰老”,故答案选 B。
50. C 本句中的 this 指代上一句中提到的研究结论,此处表示“如果结论是正确的 (true)”,故答案选 C。
51. B 如果养宠物能延长人的寿命的结论是正确的,也许人们应该花更多的时间和他们的宠物 (pets) 待在一起,故答案选 B。
52. A 人们更多地和宠物待在一起,这样可能会感觉更好,活 (live) 得更久,故答案选 A。
53. D 此处说明养宠物的障碍:你有可能对宠物过敏或者可能不想照顾 (care for) 宠物,故答案选 D。
54. D 根据上一题的解析可知,这里是电脑宠物和真实的 (real) 宠物之间的对比,故答案选 D。
55. B 此处表示机器人宠物是否会取代 (replace) 和你一起坐在沙发上的真实的宠物,故答案选 B。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作

者与同伴去珍珠城游玩一周的见闻。

56. so 此处为 so... that... 结构,意为“如此……以至……”,引导结果状语从句,故填 so。

57. to get it takes (sb) some time to do sth 为固定句型,意为“做某事花费(某人)多长时间”,故填 to get。

58. of a pack of... 为固定用法,意为“一群……”,故填 of。

59. who/that 定语从句修饰指人的先行词 masters,且从句缺少主语,故填 who 或 that。

60. recommended 句中的 and 连接两个并列的谓语动词,由并列谓语动词 shared 的时态可知,此处也应该用一般过去时,故填 recommended。

61. competition 该空作介词 of 的宾语,且该空前有不定冠词 an 和形容词 interesting 修饰,所以应该填名词,故填 competition。

62. traditional 该空修饰名词 stories,应该用 tradition 的形容词形式,故填 traditional。

63. hugely 该空修饰形容词 popular,应该用副词 hugely,意为“极其”,故填 hugely。

64. were invited 由时间状语 On the last day of our week-long stay 可知,本句应该用一般过去时;再根据语境“我们应邀去参加一场私人音乐会”可知,此处要用被动语态,且主语为复数人称代词 we,故填 were invited。

65. listening 本句谓语为 were invited,且谓语与 listen 之间无连词连接,所以此处应该用非谓语形式。listen 与其逻辑主语 we 之间为主动关系,所以应该用现在分词,故填 listening。

第四部分 写作

第一节

One possible version:

Dear John,

I'm writing to apologise for not being able to go to the botanical garden with you this weekend.

I have been expecting to go with you because I think it is a good chance to get close to nature and relax ourselves as well. It is also a good opportunity for us to know more about each other and strengthen our friendship. However, my ankle got seriously injured because of an accident. The doctor told me to have a good rest in the following two weeks. That is why I have to cancel my plan.

I'm sorry for not being able to go with you. Wish you all a good time.

Yours,

Li Hua

第二节

One possible version:

There are a great variety of learning apps, so colleges and universities find it hard to choose suitable learning apps. (要点 1) When choosing a learning app, you should focus more on the mobile learning app offerings. (要点 2) Many factors may influence the choices in searching for learning apps, so you should think through your purposes firstly. (要

点 3) You can find suitable ones by doing research and reading the reviews on the app stores. (要点 4)

综合检测卷

听力材料:

Text 1

W: Daniel, you lived in London, right?

M: Yes.

W: Well, I'm planning to go to London, but I don't really know what to expect and what I can see there. Can you tell me a little bit, please?

Text 2

M: So Tina, what's your favourite European city?

W: Well, I like London in England, and Ibiza in Spain. But Florence in Italy is my favourite city in Europe. It's full of art and the food is nice.

Text 3

M: Now tell me about your interests.

W: Well, I am into many sports and I have done ballet since my childhood. I also play the piano and the violin. And I sing in a girls' chorus (合唱团).

Text 4

W: What are you doing now, Jimmy?

M: I'm searching for some information about the space station. I wonder how the astronauts work and live there.

W: OK. I just want to tell you that dinner will be ready in about five minutes. Please go and set the table.

Text 5

W: Jason, I heard you got lost in a forest earlier this year. How did you survive?

M: I survived for over two weeks by eating plants and drinking water from a small river. A rescue team managed to find me using computer-based maps.

Text 6

W: Hi, Jack! What a coincidence meeting you here! Are you coming or going?

M: Hi, Linda! Nice to see you too. I have been spending time here in Suzhou for a week. Now I'm on my way back to Beijing. I moved there from Suzhou last year. But I come back for holidays. How about you?

W: How nice! I'm coming to Suzhou for the first time. I heard from friends that the gardens are among the best in the world. I hardly ever get a break from my job in Shanghai, so I'm really happy to have two weeks to spend here!

Text 7

W: John, what about creating a garden to grow vegetables?

M: I love the idea, honey, but we don't have any land. How can we do that?

W: We don't need land to create a city garden. We can make use of the balcony, the windows, or the rooftop.

M: I prefer the last option. So what do you want to grow?

W: We can grow various things, such as lettuces, tomatoes, beans and peppers. We just need to get some containers and soil.

M: I'll go to the market to find some used containers and then go to the suburbs to find soil.

W: Good. I'm sure the kids will love the idea. They always admire the garden on our neighbour's balcony.

M: Then let's give them a surprise!

Text 8

M: Hi, Lynn. I heard you have signed up for a distance-learning course. Tell me about it.

W: Well, it's an experimental course. And it's only open to psychology majors. I registered for child psychology. All I have to do is watch a twelve-week series of televised lessons.

M: Don't you ever have to meet with the professor?

W: Yeah. After each part of the series I have to talk to her and the other students on the phone, you know, about our ideas. Then we'll meet on campus three times for reviews and exams.

M: It sounds pretty non-traditional to me. But I guess it makes sense, considering how many students have jobs. It must really help with their schedules, not to mention how it will cut down on traffic.

W: You said it! Almost 80 per cent of all psychology majors are employed. Maybe that's why they come up with the programme.

M: Sounds interesting.

Text 9

W: Hi, James, how are you doing?

M: Hey, Lucy, I'm good.

W: I'm so glad we're done with classes.

M: Yeah, me too. So what are you going to do during the summer holidays?

W: Well, I am planning to go to Mongolia. It's cool there in summer and they have a festival called Naadam.

M: Naadam?

W: Yes, Naadam is a festival happening all over the country. You can experience it anywhere in Mongolia. And it usually takes place in July. During the Naadam Festival they have three main games — wrestling, horse racing and archery.

M: Archery? What kind of archery is it?

W: It's more like the traditional kind of archery. But in archery they have females and males together. It's not separated, so that's a very unique thing.

M: Oh, that's interesting. Can you tell me something more about horse racing?

W: Yes. There are different kinds of horse racing, depending on the different ages of the horses.

Text 10

W: Welcome to Everglades National Park. Our tour bus will stop first at Tailor Slough. This is a good place to start because it's home to many of the plants and animals typically associated with the Everglades. You'll see many rare birds and of course world-famous alligators. Don't worry. There's a wooden path that goes across the marsh, so you can look down at the animals in the water from a safe distance. From there we'll head for some other marshy and even jungle-like areas that feature wonderful tropical plant life. For those of you who'd like a close view of the grassland, you might consider running a canoe sometime during your visit here. However, don't do this unless you have a very good sense of direction and can make your way through tall grass. We hate to have to come looking for you. You have a good fortune of being here in winter, the best time of year to visit. During spring and summer the mosquitoes will just eat you alive. Right now, we'll...

第一部分 听力

1-5 BCABC 6-10 ABBCB 11-15 CACAB

16-20 BACCB

第二部分 阅读

第一节

A

【语篇解读】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了几本畅销的新书。

21. A 细节理解题。根据 *Wanderers* 部分中的 here Andrews fills in the blanks with the history of women walkers of the last 300 years 可知,克里·安德鲁斯写的 *Wanderers* 谈及了女性徒步旅行者,故答案选 A。

22. C 细节理解题。由关键词 islands 可定位至 *Wild Abandon* 部分。由本部分中的 Many of the villages on these Greek islands now lie deserted and Barclay spent over four years exploring their ruins, gathering stories from the local people for this explanation. 可知, *Wild Abandon* 讲述了希腊一些荒芜了的岛屿及岛上的故事,故答案选 C。

23. B 推理判断题。由 *Wanderers* 部分中的 walkers、*Writing Wild* 部分中的 walking、*Wild Abandon* 部分中的 backpacking (背包旅行,跟徒步相关)及 *The Wild Silence* 部分中的 walking 可知,这四本书都关注了徒步旅行,故答案选 B。

B

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要叙述了著名物理学家波尔求学时发生的一个故事。

24. D 细节理解题。根据第二段中的 The student had really answered the question completely, but the answer didn't confirm his competence in physics. 可知,物理老师要给这个学生打零分的原因是他的答案没有证明他在物理方面的能力,也就是没有展现物理知识的应用,故答案选 D。

25. A 词义猜测题。根据上下文可知,这名学生确切地知道这道题的常规答案,但却给出了非常规的答案,当作者问他是否知道常规答案时,他承认自己知道,但不认同学校导师的教育方法。由此可推测,conventional 与 traditional 意思最为相近,表示“常规的,传统的”,故答案选 A。
26. B 推理判断题。根据倒数第二段中的 He admitted that he did, but said that he was fed up with high school and college instructors trying to teach him how to think.可知,波尔不认同导师教学生如何思考的教育方式,所以他对他所接受的学校教育持批评的态度,故答案选 B。
27. C 推理判断题。作者使用波尔的故事来指出学校教育需要改进的地方,并借波尔的话 but said that he was fed up with high school and college instructors trying to teach him how to think 来表达自己的讲述这个故事的目的:应该给学生更多思考的自由,故答案选 D。

C

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。美国哈佛大学的科学家受到章鱼的启发,研发出了软体机器人。这种机器人可以用于搜救、探险等,而且比常规机器人更安全。虽然软体机器人的开发和研究尚处在早期阶段,但是这种机器人将更有利于人体的健康及人类生活质量的提高。

28. A 细节理解题。根据第一段中的 But a team of scientists at Harvard University in the U.S. has managed to build an entirely soft robot 及下文内容可知,“Octobot”是一种软体机器人,它是柔软的,故答案选 A。
29. D 推理判断题。根据第三段可知,传统机器人无法在崎岖的地形上很好地运行,此外,由于沉重的金属部件,传统机器人可能会对使用者造成伤害。由此可推测,传统机器人并不是总能很好地运行,故答案选 D。
30. B 细节理解题。根据最后一段中的 it holds great promise for several applications, such as search and rescue operations and exploration 可知,软体机器人有望用于诸如搜索救援和探索等任务,故答案选 B。
31. D 推理判断题。根据第一段中的 draws inspiration from an octopus 和第四段中的 taken inspiration from nature 可知,科学家从自然界获得灵感,从而研发了软体机器人。由此可推测,大自然对科学探索贡献良多,故答案选 D。

D

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要介绍了中国著名女子排球运动员朱婷。朱婷球技高超,帮助中国女排数次获奖,深受国内外球迷喜爱,有博主甚至创造了一个新单词——ZHUperb——来描述朱婷。

32. C 细节理解题。根据第一段中的 The word combines “Zhu” and “superb”, to describe the Chinese young player.可知,该博主创造这个新单词是为了形容朱婷,故答案选 C。
33. C 主旨大意题。第二段讲了朱婷在各种比赛中取得的成绩,还提到她 2021 年在东京奥运会开幕式担任中

国旗手,这些都是她的成就和荣耀,由此可知,第二段主要围绕朱婷的成就展开叙述,故答案选 C。

34. B 细节理解题。根据第三段中的 She became well-known to the public by helping China's U20 team win the 2013 FIVB U20 World Championship. Shortly after, zhu joined the national team... 可知,朱婷在帮助中国 U20 排球队获得 2013 年世青赛冠军后不久就加入了国家队,所以她可能是在 2013 年加入了国家队,故答案选 B。
35. B 细节理解题。根据最后一段中的 But Lang Ping took advantage of her height and trained her to jump high and smash balls.可知,郎平教练对朱婷的训练计划是充分利用朱婷的身高优势,训练她跳高和扣球,故答案选 B。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了在宴会上如何使自己变得有趣。

36. B 结合该空所在句的下一句 So the main thing is just to show up and be adventurous, trying different foods and talking to strangers.可知,作者认为当人们离开舒适区或者第一次走进别人的房子时,最主要的就是现身并勇于冒险:尝试不同的食物,并和陌生人交谈。其中 adventurous, trying different foods 和 talking to strangers 这几个信息与 B 项中的 exploring (探索) 相符,故答案选 B。
37. C 该空后的 it can bring in “I have this old, broken-down vehicle” or “I rode the bus with these crazy people who were laughing at silly jokes in the back” 中提到的 vehicle 和 bus 都属于交通工具,强调出行方式,与 C 项中的 “How did you get here?” 相呼应,故答案选 C。
38. F 该空后的 If you can't take their wine away, you should certainly try to take away their soapbox.中提到的 wine 和 soapbox 分别与 F 项中的 drink 和 talking 相呼应,故答案选 F。
39. E 该空前的 If you're the host, you can ask them to help you in the kitchen with something and just remove them from the situation.是作者针对上文中的问题提出的方法,E 项“或者你可以把谈话变成他们几乎没什么可说的话题”也是解决上文中的问题的方法,衔接上文,同时 E 项中的 little to say 也与上文提到的 won't stop talking 相呼应,故答案选 E。
40. G 该空前提到 awkward silence 和 an awkward silence, G 项中的 awkwardness 是前面两次提到的 awkward 的名词形式,意义属于同一范畴;另外,G 项中的 He or she 也与该空前的 host 对应,故答案选 G。

第三部分 语言运用

第一节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇记叙文。文章讲述了作者上中学时,在数学课上的一次经历对作者人生产生的影响。

41. B 根据语境可知,老师把作者叫到白板前做一道除法题。do 意为“做,完成”,符合语境,故答案选 B。

42. C 由下文中的 put the numbers in the wrong places... forgot to add in the zeros 可知,作者会把数字放错地方,还会忘记加零。由此可以推断出数学是作者最差的学科。worst 意为“最差的”,符合语境,故答案选 C。
43. A 由上文可知,作者的数学很差,这里是在描述她平时的表现,即多次把数字放错地方。repeatedly 意为“一再,多次”,符合语境,故答案选 A。
44. B 由上文可知,老师叫作者到白板前做除法题,所以这里应该是作者朝白板走过去。approach 意为“走近”,符合语境,故答案选 B。
45. D 作者不知道怎么做除法题,又不想让自己感到尴尬,所以试图抄袭旁边那个女孩的答案。copy 意为“抄袭”,符合语境,故答案选 D。
46. C 虽然作者努力地想抄那个女孩的答案,但她写得太快,作者没看懂。上下文之间为让步关系,though 意为“虽然,尽管”,符合语境,故答案选 C。
47. D 作者想不通为何自己尽全力后依然不能理解这个概念。try one's hardest 意为“尽最大努力”,符合语境,故答案选 D。
48. C 作者忍住眼泪,随便在白板上写下了一些数字。hold back 意为“控制”,符合语境,故答案选 C。
49. A 由老师说的话可知,老师转了一下眼珠,对作者的做题结果表示诧异。roll 意为“滚动”,符合语境,故答案选 A。
50. B 听到老师对作者的评论,全班同学放声大笑起来。burst into laughter 意为“放声大笑”,符合语境,故答案选 B。
51. C 作者尽量坐得低些,希望同学们根本看不到自己。这里是在描写作者在那种尴尬的处境中的一种表现。prevent 意为“阻止”,符合语境,故答案选 C。
52. A 老师告诉作者,要逼迫自己成功。force 意为“逼迫”,符合语境,故答案选 A。
53. D 由句中的 the most impressive and the only one I can remember 可知,这是作者印象最深的、唯一能记住的关于中学的记忆。memory 意为“记忆”,符合语境,故答案选 D。
54. A 本句中,and 连接表示并列关系的两个短语。这段经历让作者更加坚强,也给了作者决心。determination 意为“决心”,符合语境,故答案选 A。
55. B 由上文可知,作者自问了许多为什么,但通过这件事,作者更加坚强,愿意回答所有那些为什么,努力去解决所有的问题,并坚持直到做到完美,或尽可能接近完美。answer 意为“回答”,符合语境,故答案选 B。

第二节

【语篇解读】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了中国的茶文化,以及几种受欢迎的茶叶。

56. amazing 分析句子结构可知,该空在句中作表语,且此处表示中国的茶文化是令人惊叹的,所以应该用-ing 形式的形容词表示事物的特征,故填 amazing。
57. before 文章开头提到中国的茶文化有悠久的历史,本句进一步证明这一点:饮茶在欧洲出现前已经在中国

普及了大约一千年。此处表示中国饮茶文化比欧洲饮茶文化出现的时间早,所以用 before 表示“在……之前”,故填 before。

58. to have 现在许多人去装修豪华的茶馆洽谈生意。该空在句中表示目的,应该用动词不定式作目的状语,故填 to have。
59. an 结合语境可知,此处泛指“一次美好的体验”。experience 作“体验”讲时,为可数名词,且 enjoyable 的读音以元音音素开头,所以此处应该用不定冠词 an 表示泛指,故填 an。
60. where 在过去,饮茶通常是在“清泉石上流”这样的环境中进行的。分析句子结构可知,该空引导定语从句,先行词 setting 表示地点,关系词在从句中作地点状语,故填 where。
61. are decorated 现在,为了创造这种氛围,茶馆使用传统的画作和家具来装饰。由 At present 可知,此处描述现在的情况,应该用一般现在时;teahouses 和 decorate 之间是被动关系,应该用被动语态;主语 teahouses 为复数,故填 are decorated。
62. performance 结合该空前的 a 和该空后的 of 可知,此处应该用名词,故填 performance。
63. used 分析句子结构可知,本句已有谓语动词 matters,且 use 与 matters 之间无连词连接,所以此处应该用非谓语形式;Water 与 use 之间为逻辑上的被动关系,所以应该用过去分词作后置定语,故填 used。
64. ranks 此处表示一般事实,应该用一般现在时;当主语后有 together with 引起的短语时,谓语动词应与主语 (Black tea) 保持一致,不受主语后面短语的影响。black tea 为不可数名词,所以谓语动词应该用第三人称单数形式,故填 ranks。
65. totally 此处修饰形容词 different,应该用副词,故填 totally。

第四部分 写作

第一节

One possible version:

Dear Dick,

I'm delighted to learn that you are coming to China for a visit. I'm writing to recommend some cities with historic sites which may interest you.

China has a long history with rich cultural heritage. The first city you can't miss is Beijing with many scenic spots, of which the Palace Museum is the most famous. There you will get to know about the life of the ancient emperors. Besides, Xi'an will never fail to attract you with its world-famous historic heritage — the Terracotta Army. Of course, other cities such as Shanghai and Nanjing are also good choices for you.

I sincerely hope that you will have a good time in China and I am expecting to see you soon.

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节

One possible version:

Paragraph 1:

Later, as we stood by the burning tent to keep warm, we considered our difficult situation. Our campground was in the deep of the forest, really far away from the highway. We were in the middle of nowhere, wearing only underwear, with our supplies burnt into ashes, including our cellphones. Even Steve was unsure what to do next. The only thing we could do was just sit in the cold air and wonder how to get out of the forest.

Paragraph 2:

Suddenly, we heard a noise in the forest. Anxiously we listened and stared into the darkness. A jeep appeared. A forester had spotted the light from the fire and came to have a check. We jumped into the warm vehicle and the forester drove us to the ranger station, where we were given clothes and were able to call our parents. Steve and I had many more camping adventures from then on, but it was on this trip that Steve began to treat me more like a friend and equally, rather than a younger cousin. Our friendship continues to this day.